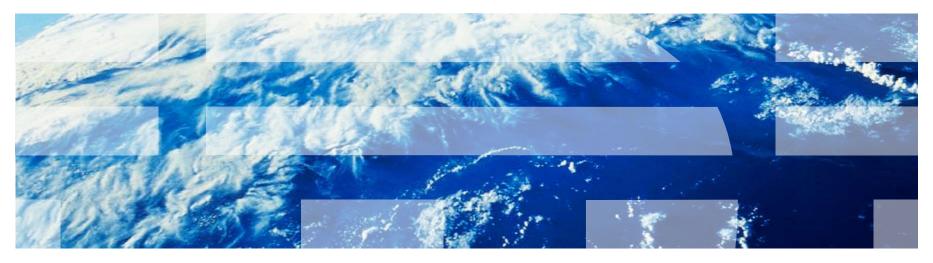


z/OS Support for the IBM z13 Server

Greg Daynes () @greg_daynes)

gdaynes@us.ibm.com

IBM z/OS Installation and Deployment Architect





Trademarks

The following are trademarks of the International Business Machines Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

Not all common law marks used by IBM are listed on this page. Failure of a mark to appear does not mean that IBM does not use the mark nor does it mean that the product is not actively marketed or is not significant within its relevant market.

Those trademarks followed by ® are registered trademarks of IBM in the United States; all others are trademarks or common law marks of IBM in the United States.

For a more complete list of IBM Trademarks, see www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade.shtml:

*BladeCenter®, CICS®, DataPower®, DB2®, e business(logo)®, ESCON, eServer, FICON®, IBM®, IBM (logo)®, IMS, MVS, OS/390®, POWER6®, POWER6+, POWER7®, Power Architecture®, PowerVM®, PureFlex, PureSystems, S/390®, ServerProven®, Sysplex Timer®, System p®, System p5, System x®, System z®, System z9®, System z10®, WebSphere®, X-Architecture®, z9®, z10, z/Architecture®, z/OS®, z/VM®, z/VSE®, zEnterprise®, zSeries®

The following are trademarks or registered trademarks of other companies.

Adobe, the Adobe logo, PostScript, and the PostScript logo are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Adobe Systems Incorporated in the United States, and/or other countries. Cell Broadband Engine is a trademark of Sony Computer Entertainment, Inc. in the United States, other countries, or both and is used under license therefrom.

Java and all Java-based trademarks are trademarks of Sun Microsystems, Inc. in the United States, other countries, or both.

Microsoft, Windows, Windows NT, and the Windows logo are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

Intel, Intel logo, Intel Inside, Intel Inside logo, Intel Centrino, Intel Centrino logo, Celeron, Intel Xeon, Intel SpeedStep, Itanium, and Pentium are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation or its subsidiaries in the United States and other countries.

UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group in the United States and other countries.

Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds in the United States, other countries, or both.

ITIL is a registered trademark, and a registered community trademark of the Office of Government Commerce, and is registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

IT Infrastructure Library is a registered trademark of the Central Computer and Telecommunications Agency, which is now part of the Office of Government Commerce.

* All other products may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies.

Notes:

Performance is in Internal Throughput Rate (ITR) ratio based on measurements and projections using standard IBM benchmarks in a controlled environment. The actual throughput that any user will experience will vary depending upon considerations such as the amount of multiprogramming in the user's job stream, the I/O configuration, the storage configuration, and the workload processed. Therefore, no assurance can be given that an individual user will achieve throughput improvements equivalent to the performance ratios stated here.

IBM hardware products are manufactured Sync new parts, or new and serviceable used parts. Regardless, our warranty terms apply.

All customer examples cited or described in this presentation are presented as illustrations of the manner in which some customers have used IBM products and the results they may have achieved. Actual environmental costs and performance characteristics will vary depending on individual customer configurations and conditions.

This publication was produced in the United States. IBM may not offer the products, services or features discussed in this document in other countries, and the information may be subject to change without notice. Consult your local IBM business contact for information on the product or services available in your area.

All statements regarding IBM's future direction and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice, and represent goals and objectives only.

Information about non-IBM products is obtained Sync the manufacturers of those products or their published announcements. IBM has not tested those products and cannot confirm the performance, compatibility, or any other claims related to non-IBM products. Questions on the capabilities of non-IBM products should be addressed to the suppliers of those products.

Prices subject to change without notice. Contact your IBM representative or Business Partner for the most current pricing in your geography.



Agenda

- IBM z13 Overview
- z/OS Support by Release
- Hardware PSP Buckets and Fix Categories
- Migration Considerations
 - -General
 - -Sysplex and Multisystem Considerations
 - **–Exploitation Considerations for Selected Functions**
- Summary
- Backup



Agenda

IBM z13 Overview

- z/OS Support by Release
- Hardware PSP Buckets and Fix Categories
- Migration Considerations
 - -General
 - -Sysplex and Multisystem Considerations
 - -Exploitation Considerations for Selected Functions
- Summary
- Backup

IBM z13 System Functions and Features

IBM

Five hardware models

Up to 141 processors configurable as CPs, zIIPs, IFLs, ICFs or optional SAPs (no zAAPs) •100-way on z/OS V1.12 or V1.13

- •Up to 141-way on z/OS V2.1 (non-SMT mode)
- •Up to 128-way on z/OS V2.1 (SMT mode)
- max active threads is 213

Up to 10 TB of Redundant Array of Independent Memory (RAIM)

1 TB per z/OS LPAR on z/OS V1.12 or V1.13
Up to 4 TB per z/OS LPAR on z/OS V2.1 (SoD)

Changed (node) cache structure

96 GB Fixed HSA

Up to 85 LPARs §Only up to 60 LPARs can be defined if z/OS V1.12 is running in one of the LPARs

Up to six logical channel subsystems (CSSs)

4 Subchannel Sets per CSS

Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) instruction set and execution

Two-way simultaneous multithreading (SMT) support for up to 128 cores (IFLs and zIIPs)

New and enhanced instructions

XL C/C++ ARCH(11) and TUNE(11) exploitation: New z13 hardware instruction support, SIMD (Vector support) and Vector data, Decimal Floating Point packed conversion facility support, Performance improvements



(z/OS support in blue)

IBM zAware: z/OS and Linux on System z

CPU Measurement Facility

Flash Express (Storage Class Memory-SCM)

CF exploitation of Flash Express

IBM zEnterprise Data Compression (zEDC) capability using zEDC Express

OSA Express5S

Shared RoCE Express Support

Greater than 256 PFID support

PCIe extended address translation

Enhanced the PCIe function definition

PCIe function measurement block changes

FICON Express16S

FICON Dynamic Routing

Improved zHPF I/O Execution at Distance

Fabric Priority for an I/O request

CryptoExpress5S: Next Generation Coprocessor support, Support architecture for up to 85 Domains, Format Preserving Encryption (FPE)

Integrated Coupling Adapter (ICA) Links

Increases number of coupling CHPIDs from 128 to 256 per CEC

zBX Model 004 support



Agenda

IBM z13 Overview

z/OS Support by Release

- Hardware PSP Buckets and Fix Categories
- Migration Considerations
 - -General
 - -Sysplex and Multisystem Considerations
 - -Exploitation Considerations for Selected Functions
- Summary
- Backup



z/OS Support Summary

Release	z900/z 800 WdfM	z990/ z890 WdfM	z9 EC z9 BC WdfM	z10 EC z10 BC WdfM	z196 z114	zEC12 zBC12	z13	End of Service	Extended Defect Support ¹
z/OS V1.121	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	X	X	9/14 ¹	9/17 ^{1*}
z/OS V1.13	X	Х	Х	X	X	X	X	9/16*	9/19 ¹ *
z/OS V2.1			Х	X	X	X	X	9/18*	9/21 ^{1*}
z/OS 2.2*				X	X	X	X	9/20*	9/23 ^{1*}

Notes:

- 1 Beginning with z/OS V1.12, IBM Software Support Services replaces the IBM Lifecycle Extension for z/OS offering with a service extension for extended defect support.
- * Planned. All statements regarding IBM's plans, directions, and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice.
- WdfM Server has been withdrawn from Marketing

Legend

Defect support provided with IBM Software Support Services for z/OS

Generally supported



Supported Releases

- z13 capabilities differ depending on z/OS release
 - Toleration support provided on z/OS V1.12
 - The IBM Software Support Services is required for extended defect support.
 - Exploitation support provided on z/OS V1.13 and higher
 - z/OS V1.13
 - o Exploitation of selected functions
 - z/OS V2.1
 - o Exploitation of most functions
 - z/OS V2.2*
 - o Full exploitation planned in base



* Planned. All statements regarding IBM's plans, directions, and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice.



z/OS Toleration Support for z13

- z/OS V2.2*
- z/OS V2.1
- z/OS V1.13

z/OS V1.12 (No longer generally supported as of September 30, 2014. IBM Software Support Services offers a service extension support for z/OS V1.12 for up to three years, beginning October 1, 2014 and available through September 30, 2017).

* Planned. All statements regarding IBM's plans, directions, and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice.

z/OS V1.12 Toleration Support for z13

- Provides same functionality as that on the IBM zEC12 plus
 - HiperDispatch
 - FICON Express8S
 - Parallel Sysplex InfiniBand (PSIFB) Coupling Links
 - CF Level 18 and 19 Support
 - Crypto Express4S toleration
 - Crypto Express4S Exploitation (if web deliverable is installed)
 - Enterprise Security PKCS11- Hardware Security Module (HSM), DUKPT for MAC and Data Encryption, Cipher Text Translate CCA Verb, PKDS/TKDS Constraint Relief, FIPS Evaluation, Common Criteria, Random Number Cache, FIPS on Demand, Wrapping Keys with Strong Keys
 - 24K subchannels for FICON channels
 - High Performance FICON for System z (zHPF)
 - CPU Measurement Facility
 - OSA-Express4S (GbE LX and SX, 1000BASE-T, 10 GbE LR and SR)
 OSA-Express5S (GbE LX and SX, 1000BASE-T, 10 GbE LR and SR)

 - GRS FICON CTC toleration
- z/OS V1.12
 - FICON Express16S
 - Greater than 128 Coupling Links toleration
 - Crypto Express5S toleration
 - Treats Crypto Express5S as Crypto Express4S
 - Support architecture for up to 85 Domains on Crypto Express4S and Crypto Express5S
 - New z/Architecture Instructions (assembler new OPCODE support)



z/OS Exploitation Support for z13

- z/OS V2.2*
- z/OS V2.1

z/OS V1.13

 z/OS V1.12 (No longer generally supported as of September 30, 2014. IBM Software Support Services offers a service extension support for z/OS V1.12 for up to three years, beginning October 1, 2014 and available through September 30, 2017).

* Planned. All statements regarding IBM's plans, directions, and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice.



Provides same functionality as that on the IBM zEC12

- Java exploitation of the Transactional Execution Facility
- Exploitation of New Hardware Features C/C++ Arch(10)/Tune(10)
- IBM zAware (z/OS Monitoring)
- RSM Enhancements
 - Flash Express Support and 2 GB Large Page Support
- CF Flash Support
- CCA 4.4 and other cryptographic enhancement support:
 - RKX Key Export Wrap, UDX Reduction/Simplification, additional EP11 algorithms, expanded EMV support, AP Configuration simplification, CTRACE Enhancements, KDS Key Utilization Stats, DK AES PIN Phase 1, DK AES PIN support Phase 2, PKT UDX, PIN Migrate
- Plus some z13 functionality
 - All z13 functions available on z/OS V1.12 (prior slide) plus:
 - Changed (node) cache structure optimized by HiperDispatch
 - Greater than 128 Coupling Links per CEC
 - CF Level 20 support
 - Integrated Coupling Adapter (ICA) Links
 - Crypto Express5S exploitation (if web deliverable is installed)
 - **o** Next Generation Coprocessor support, Format Preserving Encryption (FPE)
 - Improved Channel Subsystem Scalability
 - o Up to 85 LPARs
 - o Up to six logical channel subsystems (CSSs)
 - o 4 Subchannel Sets per CSS
 - Improved zHPF I/O Execution at Distance
 - Manage FICON Dynamic Routing
 - Fabric Priority for an I/O request



z/OS Exploitation Support for z13

z/OS V2.2*



- z/OS V1.13
- z/OS V1.12 (No longer generally supported as of September 30, 2014. IBM Software Support Services offers a service extension support for z/OS V1.12 for up to three years, beginning October 1, 2014 and available through September 30, 2017).

* Planned. All statements regarding IBM's plans, directions, and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice.

z/OS V2.1 Exploitation Support for z13

Provides same functionality as that on the IBM zEC12

- All functions available on z/OS V1.13 (prior slide) plus:
 - Support the transactional Execution Facility in additional production environments
 - IBM zEnterprise Data Compression (zEDC) capability using zEDC Express
 - Shared Memory Communications-Remote Direct Memory Access (SMC-R) o Dedicated 10GbE RoCE Express exploitation
 - Support of PNETID for OSD and IQD CHPIDs and PCIe functions
- Plus more z13 functionality
 - All z13 functions available on z/OS V1.13 (prior slide) plus:
 - Shared RoCE Support
 - Two-way simultaneous multithreaded (SMT) operation
 - Up to 141-way in non-SMT mode (up to 128 way in SMT mode)
 - Increase number of coupling links from 128 to 256 (STP)
 - Health Check for FICON Dynamic Routing
 - Miscellaneous PCIe enhancements
 - o PCIe extended address translation
 - o Greater than 256 PFID support
 - o Add PCIe function type to the PCIe function definition in the I/O configuration
 - o PCIe function measurement block changes
 - Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) instruction set and execution: Business Analytics Vector Processing
 - o MÁSS and ATLAS Library, SPSS Modeler and ILOG Cplex
 - Exploitation of new hardware instructions XL C/C++ ARCH(11) and TUNE(11)
 - o New z13 hardware instruction support
 - o SIMD (Vector support) and Vector data
 - o Decimal Floating Point packed conversion facility support
 - o Performance improvements
 - » Machine model scheduling and code generation updates
 - Up to 4 TB per z/OS LPAR (statement of direction)



Supported z/OS Releases and ICSF Levels

z/OS V1.12 Crypto customers can run with:

- HCR7770 Base z/OS V1.12
- HCR7780 Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R10-V1R12
- HCR7790 Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R11-V1R13 HCR77A0 Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R12-V1R13

z/OS V1.13 Crypto customers can run with:

- HCR7780 Base z/OS V1.13
- HCR7790 Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R11-V1R13
- HCR77A0 Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R12-V1R13 HCR77A1 Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V2R1
- HCR77B0 Enhanced Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS **V2R1**

z/OS V2.1 Crypto customers can run with:

- HCR77A0 Base z/OS V2.1
- HCR77A1 Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V2R1
- HCR77B0 Enhanced Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS **V2R1**

z/OS V2.2 Crypto customers can run with:

HCR77B0 - Base z/OS V2.2



z/OS Support for z13

- Base support is provided by PTFs identified by: – IBM.Device.Server.z13-2964.RequiredService
- Exploitation of many functions is provided by PTFs identified by:
 - IBM.Device.Server.z13-2964.Exploitation
- Recommended service is identified by:
 - IBM.Device.Server.z13-2964.RecommendedService
 - Should also be either "required service" or "exploitation"
- Exploitation of some functions requires a web deliverable
 - Exploitation of Crypto Express5S requires the Enhanced Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1.13 and z/OS V2.1 web deliverable
 - Exploitation of new hardware instructions using XL C/C++ ARCH(11) and TUNE(11) or SIMD exploitation by MASS and ATLAS Libraries, requires the *z13 Exploitation Support for z/OS V2.1 XL C/C++* web deliverable
- All support is planned to be included in the z/OS V2.2 base

z/OS Support for IBM z13 Servers

z/OS Support Summary

	IBM.Device.Server.z13- 2964.RequiredService								IBM.Device.Server.z13-2964.Exploitation																							
Release	Base Support	CPU Measurement Facility	Crypto Express5S Toleration	FICON Express 8S	FICON Express 16S	z13 Assembler Support	OSA-Express4S	OSA-Express5S	GRS Support for FICON CTCs	High Performance FICON (zHPF)	InfiniBand Coupling Links	Support for 256 Coupling Links/CEC	>16 Cryptographic Domains	CF Level 20 Support	Integrated Coupling Links (ICA SR)	SAN Fabric I/O Priority	FICON Dynamic Routing	Improved CSS Scalability	zAware	Transactional Memory	Improved zHPF I/O Execution at Distance	zEnterprise Data Compression (zEDC)	Flash Express	2GB Large Pages	Crypto Express5S Exploitation	Shared R0CE Express Support	Simultaneous Multithreading (SMT)	Miscellaneous PCle Enhancements	Greater than 100 CPs per z/OS Image ³	Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD)	z13 XL C/C++ Support	Up to 4TB per z/OS LPAR
z/OS V1.12 ¹	Y	Y	w	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	т	w									т										
z/OS V1.13	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	т	¥	w	W							
z/OS V2.1	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	W	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	w	Y ⁴
z/OS 2.2 ²	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ

Notes:

1 Beginning with z/OS V1.12, IBM Software Support Services replaces the IBM Lifecycle Extension for z/OS offering with a service extension for extended defect support.

2 Planned. All statements regarding IBM's plans, directions, and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice.

3 Up to 141-way in non-SMT mode (up to 128-way in SMT mode)

4 Up to 4TB per z/OS is a statement of direction for z/OS V2.1

T Coexistence support provided

W A web deliverable is required for exploitation support available at http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/downloads/





Agenda

- IBM z13 Overview
- z/OS Support by Release

Hardware PSP Buckets and Fix Categories

- Migration Considerations
 - -General
 - -Sysplex and Multisystem Considerations
 - -Exploitation Considerations for Selected Functions
- Summary
- Backup



z13 PSP Bucket and Fix Categories

- Support provided via a combination of web deliverables and PTFs

 Documented in PSP Bucket: Upgrade = 2964DEVICE, Subset = 2964/ZOS
 - Unlike prior server generations PSP buckets, actual PTFs are not listed in the PSP bucket, just pointers to SMP/E Fix Categories, and any web deliverables needed for exploitation
 - As in the past, if you are skipping generations of servers, you need to install all the maintenance and perform required migration actions for the servers that you are skipping:

Server	UPGRADE	Subset	Fix Category
zBC12	2828DEVICE	2828/ZOS	IBM.Device.Server.zBC12-2828*
zEC12	2827DEVICE	2827/ZOS	IBM.Device.Server.zEC12-2827*
z114	2818DEVICE	2818/ZOS	IBM.Device.Server.z114-2818*
z196	2817DEVICE	2817/ZOS	IBM.Device.Server.z196-2817*
z10 BC	2098DEVICE	2098/ZOS	IBM.Device.Server.z10-BC-2098*
z10 EC	2097DEVICE	2097/ZOS	IBM.Device.Server.z10-EC-2097*
z9 BC	2096DEVICE	2096/ZOS	IBM.Device.Server.z9-BC-2096*
z9 EC	2094DEVICE	2094/ZOS	IBM.Device.Server.z9-EC-2094*
z890	2086DEVICE	2086/ZOS	IBM.Device.Server.z8902086*
z990	2084DEVICE	2084/ZOS	IBM.Device.Server.z990-2084*

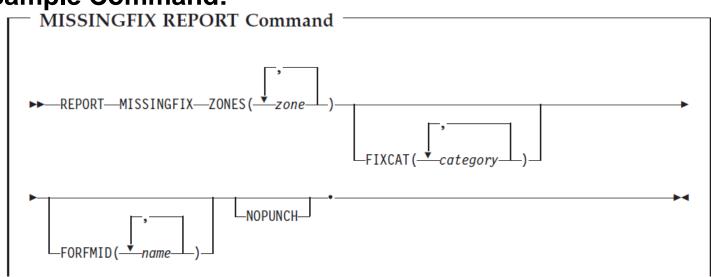


Other Fix Categories of Interest

- Other PTFs related to z13 (common to other servers) can be identified by SMP/E commands (REPORT MISSINGFIX, LIST, or APPLY) for the following Fix Categories:
 - -IBM.Device.Server.*.ParallelSysplexInfiniBandCoupling
 - -IBM.Device.Server.*.ServerTimeProtocol
 - -IBM.Device.Server.*.zHighPerformanceFICON
 - -IBM.Device.Server.*.UnifiedResourceManager
 - -IBM.Function.zEDC
 - -DB2.AnalyticsAccelerator*
- PTFs that allow prior levels of ICSF to coexist with, and fallback from, the Enhanced Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1.13 and z/OS V2.1 web deliverable –IBM.Coexistence.ICSF.z/OS V1R13-V2R1-HCR77B0



REPORT MISSINGFIX Command Syntax Sample Command:



Operands:

- **ZONES** identifies one or more target and distribution zones to report on
- FIXCAT -

 - Identifies Fix Categories of interest (aka Interest List)
 Determines which FIXCAT HOLDs will be included in the report
 Extended wildcards * and % can be used to express generic interests
- **FORFMID** limits which FIXCAT HOLDs will be included in the report
- **NOPUNCH** indicates that SMP/E should not write any output to SMPPUNCH

SMP/E Report MISSINGFIX ...

Sample Command to identify missing fixes for:

- z/OS V1.12, z/OS V1.13 and z/OS V2.1
- Required, Exploitation and Recommended service for a z13
- All service for a zEC12
 - Either because skipping that generation or it has been a while since zEC12 maintenance was checked/installed
- All hardware related, but not z13 specific, categories

SET BDY(GLOBAL).

REPORT MISSINGFIX ZONES(TGT112,TGT113,TGT21)

FIXCAT(IBM.Device.Server.z13-2964.RequiredService,

IBM.Device.Server.z13-2964.Exploitation,

IBM.Device.Server.z13-2964.RecommendedService,

IBM.Device.Server.zEC12*,

IBM.Device.Server.zBC12*,

IBM.Device.Server.*.ParallelSysplexInfiniBandCoupling,

IBM.Device.Server.*.ServerTimeProtocol,

IBM.Device.Server.*.zHighPerformanceFICON,

IBM.Device.Server.*.UnifiedResourceManager,

IBM.Function.zEDC,IBM.DB2.AnalyticsAccelerator*).



SMP/E Report MISSINGFIX ...

Sample REPORT MISSINGFIX output for a z/OS V2.1 system

MISSING FIXCAT SYSMOD REPORT FOR ZONE TGT21

		HOLD	MISSING	HELD	RESOLVING SYSMOD						
FIX CATEGORY	FMID	CLASS	APAR	SYSMOD	NAME	STATUS	RECEIVED				
IBM.Device.Serv	er.z13-29	64.Requir	edService								
	EER3500		AO20501	EER3500	UO01758	GOOD	NO				
	HBB7790		AA46642	HBB7790	UA75881	GOOD	NO				
	HCR77A0		AA45547	HCR77A0	UA76041	GOOD	NO				
	HCR77A1		AA45547	HCR77A1	UA76042	GOOD	NO				
	HCS7790		AA44294	HCS7790	UA75914	GOOD	NO				
	HI01104		AA44637	HI01104	UA90773	GOOD	NO				
	HMQ4160		AI22786	HMQ4160	UI24510	GOOD	NO				
			AM79901	HMQ4160	UI24397	GOOD	NO				
	HSAL110		AA46903	HSAL110	UA76072	GOOD	NO				
	HWRE330		AA45346	HWRE330	UA75591	GOOD	NO				
	HWRE340		AA45346	HWRE340	UA75592	GOOD	NO				
	HWRE350		AA46560	HWRE350	UA75887	GOOD	NO				
	JCS779J		AA44294	JCS779J	UA75915	GOOD	NO				
	JWRE331		AA46560	JWRE331	UA75876	GOOD	NO				
	JWRE341		AA46560	JWRE341	UA75890	GOOD	NO				
	JWRE351		AA46560	JWRE351	UA75891	GOOD	NO				



Agenda

- IBM z13 Overview
- z/OS Support by Release
- Hardware PSP Buckets and Fix Categories
- Migration Considerations

-General

- -Sysplex and Multisystem Considerations
- -Exploitation Considerations for Selected Functions
- Summary
- Backup



General Migration Considerations

- z/OS releases do not require z13 servers
- z13 servers ONLY require software identified as 'base' support
 - Minimal toleration support needed depending on z/OS release
 - z13 servers do NOT require any 'functional' software
 - However, I recommend installing all z13 service prior to upgrading your hardware
- z13 capabilities differ depending on z/OS release
 Web deliverables are needed for some functions on some releases
- Don't migrate software releases and hardware at the same time
- Keep members of the sysplex at the same software level other than during brief migration periods
- Review any restrictions and migration considerations prior to creating upgrade plan

General Recommendations and Considerations

- z13 servers are based on existing System z technology
 - -z/Architecture (z900/z800)
 - -Multiple Logical Channel Subsystems (z990/z890)
 - -OSA-Express2, FICON Express4, Crypto Express2 (z9 EC/z9 BC)
 - -HiperDispatch, Large Page, zHPF (z10 EC, z10 BC)
 - Ensembles, native PCIe-based I/O FICON Express8S and OSA Express4S (z196, z114)
 - -Flash Express, RoCE, and zEDC (zEC12/zBC12)
- Very few new migration issues identified
 - -z990, z890, z9 EC, z9 BC, z10 EC, z10 BC, z196, z114, zEC12, and zBC12 server migration actions "inherited"
 - -Many functions are enabled/disabled based on the presence or absence of the required hardware and software.
 - •Some functions have exploitation or migration considerations (subsequent charts)



Unsupported Hardware Features

- The following hardware features cannot be ordered and cannot be carried forward from an upgrade on an earlier server to the z13 server.
 - HCA2-O
 - HCA2-O LR
 - ISC-3 links
 - CHPID type OSN (OSA-Express for NCP) is not supported on OSA-Express5S GbE
 - Crypto Express3
 - Crypto Express4S
 - STP Mixed CTN.
 - The zEC12 and zBC12 were the last z Systems servers to support connections to an STP Mixed CTN. This also includes the Sysplex Timer (9037).
 - Starting with z13, servers that require Time synchronization, such as to support a base or Parallel Sysplex, will require Server Time Protocol (STP) and all servers in that network must be configured in STP-only mode.
 - IBM System z Application Assist Processor (zAÁP).
 - IBM continues to support running zAAP workloads on IBM System z Integrated Information Processors (zIIPs).
 - o IBM has removed the restriction preventing zAAP-eligible workloads from running on zIIPs when a zAAP is installed on the CEC.
 - o This was intended to help facilitate migration and testing of zAAP workloads on zIIPs. With a z13, one CP must be installed with the installation of any zIIPs or prior to the installation of any zIIPs.
 - o The total number of zIIPs purchased cannot exceed twice the number of CPs purchased. However, for upgrades from zEC12s with zAAPs, conversions from zAAPs may increase this ratio to 4:1.

New z/Architecture Machine Instructions

- OPTABLE option now supports ZS7.
 - The assembler loads and uses the operation code table that contains the symbolic operation codes for the machine instructions specific to z/Architecture systems with the general instructions extensions facility and z13 instructions.
- The new mnemonics may collide with (be identical to) the names of Assembler macro instructions you use
 - If you write programs in Assembler Language, you should compare the list of new instructions to the names of Assembler macro instructions you use and/or provide
 - If a conflict is identified, take one of these actions:
 - •Change the name of your macro instruction.
 - •Specify a separate assembler OPCODE table

ovia PARM= , ASMAOPT, or '*PROCESS OPTABLE....' in source •Use a coding technique that permits both use of a new instruction and a macro with the same name in an assembly such as HLASM's Mnemonic tags (:MAC :ASM)

 For a job to assist in identifying assembler macro instructions which conflich with z13 hardware instructions see PRS5289 on Techdocs: – http://www-03.ibm.com/support/techdocs/atsmastr.nsf/WebIndex/PRS5289



Use of LOADxx MACHMIG Statements

MACHMIG

- Identifies one or more facilities that you do not want z/OS to use at this time because migration to another processor, z/OS release, or both is underway.
- -Code the MACHMIG statement as follows:
 - Column Contents
 - o 1-7 MACHMIG
 - o 10-72 A list of facilities not to use. When more than one facility is listed, separate each from the previous by one or more blanks or commas. The following facilities may be specified in upper, lower, or mixed case:
 - » EDAT2 the hardware-based enhanced-DAT facility 2
 - » TX the hardware-based transactional-execution facility
 - » VEF the hardware-based vector registers (VR) in support of SIMD
- -A maximum of 3 MACHMIG statements are allowed
- -Default: None.
 - If you do not specify a MACHMIG statement, the system does not limit its use of machine facilities.



Use of LOADxx MACHMIG Statements ...

Example

-The following example shows a MACHMIG statement that tells the system not to use the enhanced DAT facility 2, the transactional execution facility, and SIMD.



Operand on DISPLAY IPLINFO

 DISPLAY IPLINFO, LOADXX, MACHMIG command
 Displays all the relevant MACHMIG statements from the LOADxx PARMLIB member, or indicates that there were none.



Agenda

- IBM z13 Overview
- z/OS Support by Release
- Hardware PSP Buckets and Fix Categories
- Migration Considerations
 - -General

-Sysplex and Multisystem Considerations

- -Exploitation Considerations for Selected Functions
- Summary
- Backup



Server Participation in a Parallel Sysplex

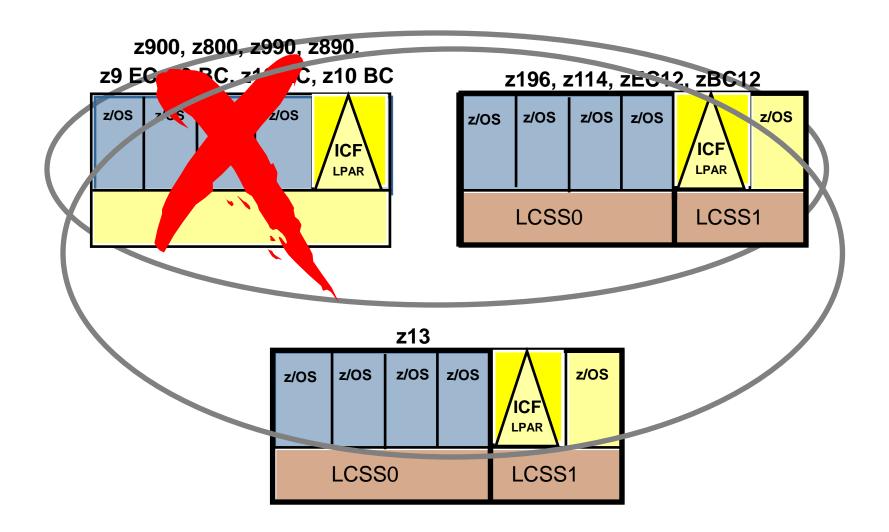
- z13 servers do not support active participation in the same Parallel Sysplex with:
 - IBM System z10 Enterprise Class (z10 EC), IBM System z10 Business Class (z10 BC)
 - IBM System z9 Enterprise Class (z9 EC), IBM System z9 Business Class (z9 BC)
 - IBM eServer zSeries 990 (z990), IBM eServer zSeries 890 (z890),
 - IBM eServer zSeries 900 (z900), IBM eServer zSeries 800 (z800),
 - and older System/390 Parallel Enterprise Server systems

This means:

- Configurations with z/OS on one of these servers can't add a z13 server to their sysplex for either a z/OS image or a CF image
- Configurations with a CF on one of these servers can't add a z13 server to their sysplex for either a z/OS image or a CF image

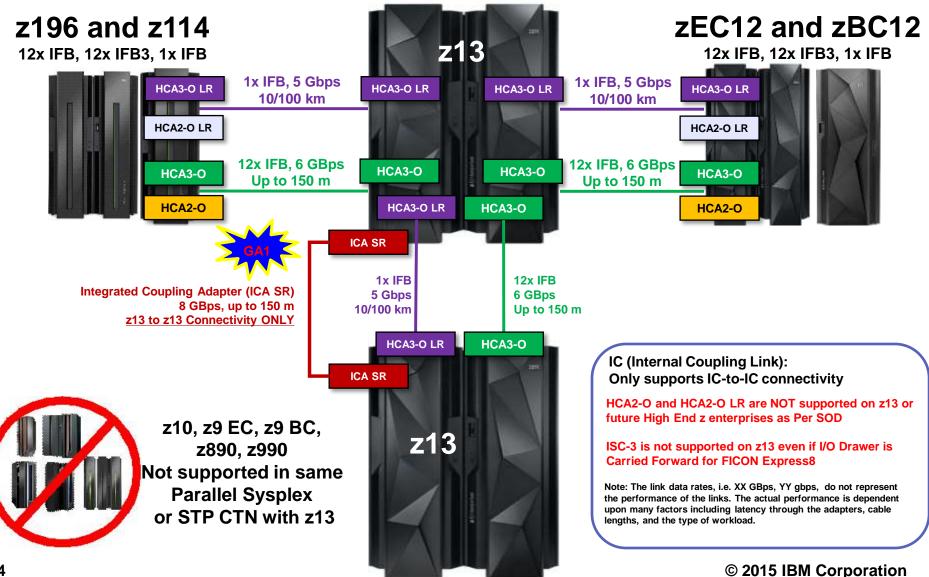


Server Participation in a Parallel Sysplex





z13 Parallel Sysplex Coupling Connectivity





z13 Parallel Sysplex Coupling Connectivity

- zEC12/zBC12 were the last generation to support ISC-3, (12X) HCA2-O, (1X) HCA2-O LR, and participate in a Mixed CTN
 - For z13, you must migrate to ICA or Coupling over Infiniband; and STP only CTNs

ISC-3 Migration:

- Evaluate your current ISC-3 usage (long distance, short distance, coupling data, timing only, etc.) to determine how to fulfill ISC-3 requirements with the links available on z13
- Clients can migrate from ISC-3 to ICA, 12X, or 1X on z13
- 1:1 Mapping of ISC-3 to Coupling over Infiniband
 - Today, HCA2-C CPC fanouts enable ISC-3 coupling in the I/O Drawer
 o 2 HCA2-C fanouts can be replaced by 2 1X fanouts (8 1X links) or 2 12X fanouts (4 12X links)
 - ISC-3 supports 1 CHPID/link
 - o Consolidate ISC-3 across ICA or Coupling over Infiniband; leverage multiple CHPIDs/link



Integrated Coupling Adapter (ICA) Links

- IBM Integrated Coupling Adapter (ICA SR)
 - PCIe is the overwhelming industry standard interface for high-speed, differential communication
 - z13 begins transition to PCIe for Coupling Connectivity with a new link type (CHPID type CS5)
 - ICA SR is recommended for short distance coupling z13 to z13
 - No performance degradation compared to coupling over Infiniband 12X IFB3 protocol on z13
- Coupling over Infiniband (12X HCA3-O, 1X HCA3-O LR)
 - Coupling over Infiniband is required for coupling z13 back to N-1 and N-2 generations
 - N-1: z13 to zEC12 / zBC12
 - N-2: z13 to z196 / z114
 - 12X HCA3-O short distance; 1X HCA3-O LR long distance
 - 1X HCA3-O LR is required for z13 to z13 long distance coupling



STP Configurations

- Two types of Coordinated Timing Network (CTN) configurations possible:
 - Mixed CTN
 - Allows servers/CFs that can only be synchronized to a Sysplex Timer (ETR network) to coexist with servers/CFs that can be synchronized with CST in the "same" timing network
 - Sysplex Timer provides timekeeping information
 - zEC12 and zBC12 are the last System z servers to support connections to an STP Mixed CTN

z13 does <u>NOT</u> support connections to a Mixed CTN

– STP-only CTN

- All servers/CFs synchronized with CST
- Sysplex Timer is NOT required
- z13 <u>must</u> participate in an STP-only CTN



Agenda

- IBM z13 Overview
- z/OS Support by Release
- Hardware PSP Buckets and Fix Categories
- Migration Considerations
 - -General
 - -Sysplex and Multisystem Considerations

Exploitation Considerations for Selected Functions

- Summary
- Backup

Exploitation Considerations for Selected Functions

- CF Level 20
- Integrated Coupling Adapter (ICA) Links
- Increase number of coupling links from 128 to 256 per CEC (STP)
- 4 Subchannel Sets per CSS
- Fabric Priority for an I/O request
- Improved zHPF I/O Execution at Distance
- Manage FICON Dynamic Routing
- Health Check for FICON Dynamic Routing
- Crypto Express5S exploitation (if web deliverable is installed)
 - Next Generation Coprocessor support, Support architecture for up to 85 Domains, Format Preserving Encryption (FPE)
- Two-way simultaneous multithreaded (SMT-2) operation
- Miscellaneous PCIe enhancements
- Shared RoCE Support
- Exploitation of new hardware instructions XL C/C++ ARCH(11) and TUNE(11)
- Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) instruction set and execution: Business Analytics Vector Processing
- Up to 4 TB per z/OS LPAR

CF Level 20 Exploitation

Coupling Facility Use of Large Memory

- Designed to improve availability for larger CF cache structures and data sharing performance with larger DB2 Group Buffer Pools (GBP).
- This support removes inhibitors to using large CF cache structures, enabling use of Large Memory to appropriately scale to larger DB2 Local Buffer Pools (LBP) and Group Buffer Pools (GBP) in data sharing environments.
- To learn more about the performance benefits of large DB2 structures, reference IBM zEnterprise System: Performance Report on Exploiting Large Memory for DB2 Buffer Pools with SAP at http://www.ibm.com/support/techdocs/atsmastr.nsf/WebIndex/WP102461

Structure and CF Storage Sizing with CFCC level 20

- May increase storage requirements when moving from:
 CF Level 19 (or below) to CF Level 20

 - CF Sizer Tool recommended
 - o http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/cfsizer/
 - o Available since February 27, 2015
- Similar to prior levels, ensure that the CF LPAR has at least 512MB of storage



Integrated Coupling Adapter (ICA) Links Exploitation **ZOS 1.13** Considerations

PCle I/O for Future Coupling Connectivity

- Recognize the new CHPID type and allow XES to register as the owner off the CHPID type. This allows the CHPID type to be displayed in the D M=CHP command and to be configured online and offline.
- Recognize the new CHPID type as a coupling related CHPID type and route control to XES to handle CHPID related events.
- Allow an ACTIVATE command to be performed to dynamically add CS5 CHPIDs to the I/O configuration.
- To provide extended path attributes when the enhanced-reporting-of-channel-pathcharacteristics (ERCPC) facility is active (the XES IXLYAMDA interface).
- Ensure timing link related messaging is issued based on the configuration of the physical (not virtual) resources.
- RMF data gatherers store information into Monitor III table CFIG3 and SMF record 74.4.
- Minor changes to the corresponding report sections of the RMF Postprocessor CF Activity report (Subchannel Activity section and CF to CF Activity section) as well as to the Monitor III CFSYS Report
 - Note: RMF reports must be taken on <u>highest</u> release in Parallel Sysplex

Increase number of coupling links from 128 to 256 per CEC

- z13 now supports 256 Links (planned availability June 26, 2015)
 - A single z/OS or CF image supports a maximum of 128 Links
 - Enabling enhanced connectivity and scalability for continued sysplex growth
 - Increased capabilities to consolidate multiple sysplexes into the same set of physical servers
- When displaying STP (D ETR) from a z/OS image, information is provided for the entire CEC
- If >128 links are defined on z13
 - z/OS uses CHSC STP commands to retrieve information about coupling links (which are used for timing signals).
 - The z/OS support (or toleration) must be installed on all z/OS releases running on z13
 - Allowing STP information to display > 128 links STP information

z/OS 1.13



z/OS 1.13

4th Subchannel Set Exploitation Considerations

- You can now define a 4th subchannel set, which gives you addressability to another 64K subchannels/devices.
 - These subchannels can be used for either PAV alias devices, PPRC secondary devices, or FlashCopy target devices.
- If you need to fall back (hardware or software), then
 - You will lose access to the devices in the 4th subchannel set,
 - Which means these devices must be defined in older I/O configuration in the remaining 3 subchannel sets.
 - Otherwise, you may experience performance problems (e.g., not enough available PAV alias devices) or lose hyperswap capability (if PPRC secondary devices are in the 4th subchannel set). To avoid this problem you should
 - o move devices out of another subchannel set into the new one, and then do sufficient testing before reusing the older device numbers for other uses (i.e., for additional primary devices).
 - o Separate OSCONFIG for lower servers w/o Subchannel set 3

Fabric Priority for an I/O request

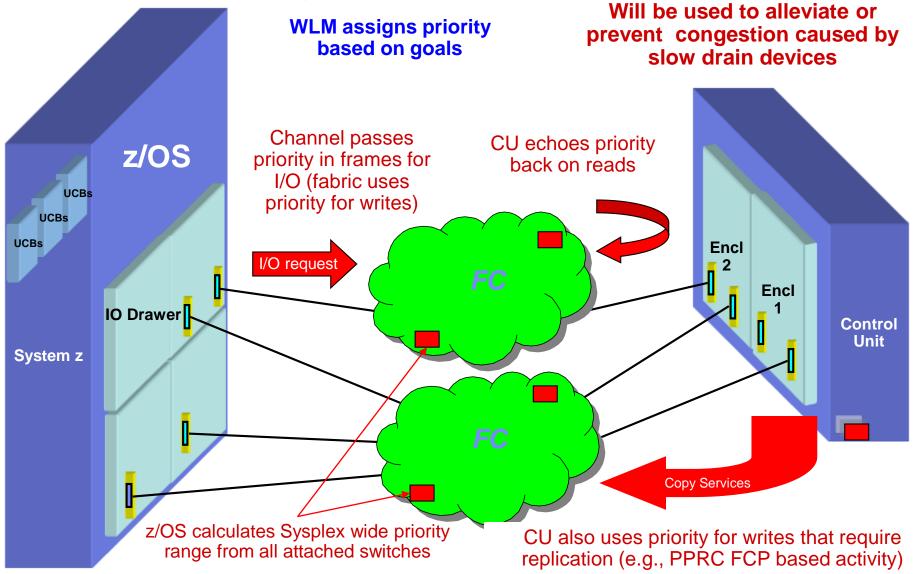


z/OS 1.13

- Planned availability September 25, 2015
- Provide the ability for z/OS to pass a fabric priority for an I/O request.
 - The fabric priority is used when the processor is connected to the devices via one or more FICON switches or directors.
 - The fabric priority is used by the switch when congestion occurs to determine which I/O requests should be given preference.
- The fabric priority range to be used is obtained by z/OS from the control unit port (CUP) device associated with the switch.
 - The information returned contains the maximum priority used by the switch (the minimum is assumed to be 1).
 - This global maximum priority is used by WLM to assign a fabric priority to an address space or enclave based on the performance goals of the unit of work.
 - IOS extracts the priority assigned by WLM and passes it to the channel subsystem when the I/O is started if WLM's Service Definition the function for I/O Priority Management is set active.
 - The channel that is selected adds the fabric priority to each of the frames associated with the I/O request, which can then be used by the switch to prioritize the frames.



Fabric I/O Priority for an I/O request ...



© 2015 IBM Corporation

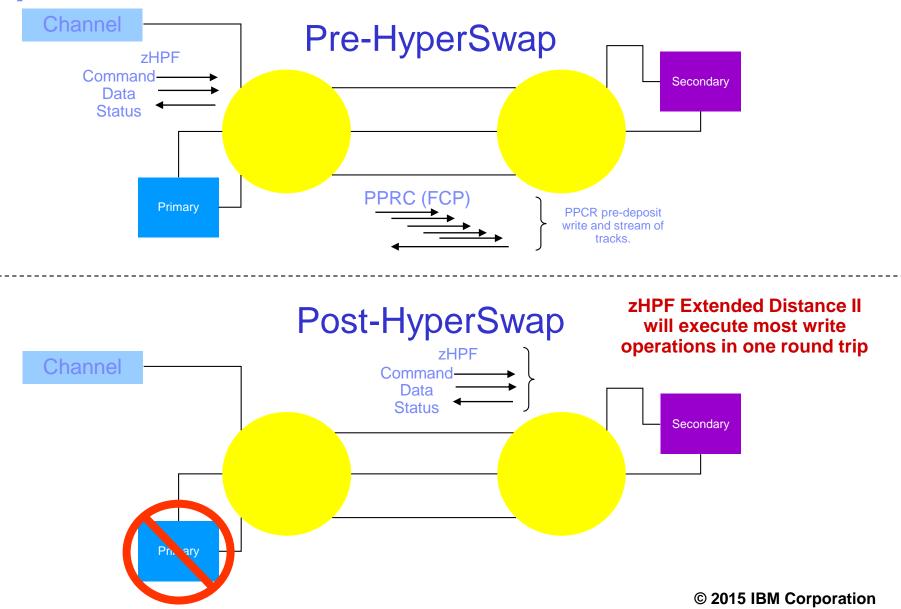
Fabric Priority for an I/O request ...

- To enable the function you must:
 - Install the firmware on the switch that supports the Control Unit Port (CUP) function,
 - Define the switches as z/OS devices in the IODF, and
 - Bring them online.
 - This allows z/OS to obtain the maximum priority for the switch.
 - DS8000 and TS7700 microcode should be installed that echoes the priority in the frames for read I/O requests.
 - Set I/O Priority Management active in your WLM Service Definition
 - IECIOSxx or SETIOS FICON, FABRICPRTY=YES|NO can be used to enable or disable the function.
 - The default is YES (enable).

z/OS 1.13



Improved zHPF I/O Execution at Distance



Improved zHPF I/O Execution at Distance ...

Planned availability June 26, 2015

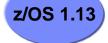
- RMF Monitor I & II data gatherers are enhanced to request new Format-2 Secondary-Queue Measurement blocks whenever the Store-Channel-Subsystem Characteristics response block indicates that the extended I/O-measurement-block-2 facility is installed
- The I/O Queuing configuration data sections of SMF record 78 subtype 3 and SMF record 79 subtype 14 are extended to provide new transport-mode related performance counters for each configured CHPID
 - transport-mode-write-count
 - first-transfer-ready-disabled write count
- First-transfer-ready-disabled inhibited ratio is reported through new RMF Postprocessor Overview condition

z/OS 1.13

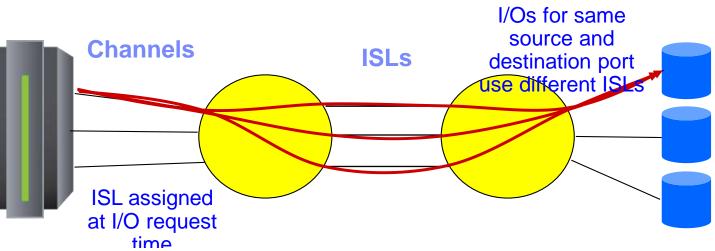
Manage FICON Dynamic Routing

- Planned availability September 25, 2015
- New FICON Dynamic Routing lowers client costs, improve performance and resilience by incorporating the pervasive SAN dynamic routing policies supported by switch vendors.
 - Businesses can experience simplified configuration and capacity planning as it pertains to network performance and utilization through the use of FICON Dynamic Routing.
- HCD/HCM will prevent a client from accidentally defining a dynamic routing device to a fabric, which is not capable of dynamic routing.
 - A new dynamic routing attribute will be added to switches and control units, which can be considered in the HCD/HCM dialogs.
 - Based on this flag HCD will perform a check at build production IODF, whether dynamic routing is supported on the complete path.
 - A warning message will be shown, if a mixture of dynamic routing capable and incapable control units and switches is found.









- Dynamic Routing (Brocade EBR or CISCO OxID) dynamically changes the routing between the channel and control unit based on the "Fibre Channel Exchange ID"
- Each I/O operation has a unique exchange id
- Client Value:
 - Reduces cost by allowing sharing of ISLs between FICON, FCP (PPRC or distributed)
 - I/O traffic is better balanced between all available ISLs
 - Improves utilization of switch and ISL hardware ~37.5% bandwidth increase
 - Easier to manage
 - Easier to do capacity planning for ISL bandwidth requirements
 - Predictable, repeatable I/O performance
 - Positions FICON for future technology improvements, such as work load based routing

Health Check for FICON Dynamic Routing



z/OS 2.1

Planned availability September 25, 2015

- z13 is changing the channel microcode to support dynamic routing.
 - No changes are needed in z/OS to support dynamic routing.
 - However, if a customer configures their switches for dynamic routing and either the processor and/or storage controllers do not support it, then this can lead to I/O errors.
 - Therefore, a health check is being provided that interrogates the switch to determine if dynamic routing is enabled in the switch fabric.
 - If so, then the dynamic routing capability of the processor and control units is checked.
 - If either do not support dynamic routing, then a health check exception is surfaced.
 - Running the health check in VERBOSE(YES) mode will cause the health check to check whether all devices support dynamic routing, regardless of whether the devices are connected to a switch fabric that is enabled for dynamic routing.
 - » This allows the customer to plan for enabling dynamic routing since changing the routing policy is disruptive to the switch.
 - The health check is applicable to all processors.
 - » That is, if you enable dynamic routing in the switch fabric connected to a nonz13 processor, this health check will report an exception since I/O errors may occur.

Health Check for FICON Dynamic Routing ...

- To enable FICON Dynamic Routing you must
 - Install the firmware on the switch that supports the Control Unit Port (CUP) function,
 - Define the switches as z/OS devices in the IODF, and
 - Bring them online.
- No action is required to enable the health check.
 - It will automatically be enabled at IPL and react to changes that might cause problems. For example:
 - Varying on the first device for a control unit that does not support dynamic routing, when the control unit is connected to a switch fabric enabled for dynamic routing
 - Configuring a new channel online that is connected to a switch fabric enabled for dynamic routing
 - The health check can be disabled via modify commands, PARMLIB or via SDSF

Crypto Express5S Considerations

- Crypto Express5S Toleration
 - Toleration PTFs are required to treat Crypto Express5S as Crypto Express4S
- Crypto Express5S Exploitation (software installation)
 - Enhanced Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1.13 and z/OS V2.1 web deliverable (HCR77B0)
 - **<u>NOT</u>** integrated in z/OS V2.1 ServerPac or CBPDO orders
 - Planned to be integrated into z/OS V2.2 ServerPac or CBPDO orders
 - Only needed for the following hardware or software functions
 - o Next Generation Coprocessor support and Format Preserving Encryption (FPE)



Crypto Express5S Coexistence and Migration Considerations

- Support architecture for up to 85 Domains
 - If an ICSF release supporting 85 Domains is run on older hardware (e.g. zEC12) and specifies a domain greater than 15 in the Installation Options Data Set, ICSF will return error message.
 - If the Installation Options Data Set indicates a domain, it should not be shared across ICSF instances.
- "Inherited" migration actions for the following functions:
 - AP Configuration simplification
 - CCF Removal
 - CTRACE Enhancements
 - KDS Key Utilization Stats only if implemented
 - UDX (User Defined eXtension)
- PTFs that allow prior levels of ICSF to coexist with, and fallback from, the Enhanced Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1.13 and z/OS V2.1 web deliverable
 - IBM.Coexistence.ICSF.z/OS_V1R13-V2R1-HCR77B0

Two-way simultaneous multithreaded (SMT) operation

- Support provided for IFL and zIIP
- Increased capacity
 - Achieved through increased parallelism
 - Twice as many execution paths as similarly configured zEC12
- No application changes required to exploit MT
 - Automatic upgrade
- Comprehensive measurement data for performance monitoring, capacity planning, accounting, and chargeback
- Optional enablement for each z/OS, z/VM, or zLinux instance

IBM

z/OS 2.1

Simultaneous multithreaded (SMT) operation

- New LOADxx PARMLIB controls to define a PROCessor VIEW of CORE|CPU for the life of the IPL.
 - PROCVIEW CORE on z13 enables MT support
 - Becomes MT-2 configuration, allocates 2 threads per core
 - Forces IEAOPTxx HiperDispatch=YES
 - Requires ConFig Core, Display Matrix=Core commands
 - PROCVIEW CORE can be specified on all servers to manage the environment using MT controls
 - (Config Core, Display Matrix=Core, etc)
 - PROCVIEW CORE, CPU_OK causes z/OS to treat CPU as an acceptable alias for CORE
 - PROCVIEW CPU can be specified on all servers but results in the existing function and management controls
 - Establishes existing (Pre-MT, MT-1) environment, uses Pre-MT command controls

o Retains MT-1 configuration, allocates 1 CPU per core

o Requires ConFig CPU, Display Matrix=CPU commands

Fallback from PROCVIEW CORE to PROCVIEW CPU requires reIPL



- New IEAOPTxx parameter to control zIIP MT Mode
 - Without an IPL you can change the zIIP processor class MT Mode (the number of active threads per online zIIP) using IEAOPTxx
 - MT_ZIIP_MODE=2 (MT_ZIIP_MODE=1)
 - MT_ZIIP_MODE=2 for 2 active threads (the default is 1)
 - When PROCVIEW CPU is specified the processor class MT Mode is always 1
 - PROCVIEW CPU, and PROCVIEW CORE MT Mode=1 receive the same performance

Note: CP cores always use MT Mode=1

- New LOADxx and IEAOPTxx controls ONLY available on z/OS V2.1 and higher
 - Requires a separate LOADxx for z/OS V1.13 or z/OS V1.12 if SMT is exploited

Miscellaneous PCle Enhancements

- The following PCIe enhancements are planned:
 - 1. PCIe extended address translation
 - 2. Greater than 256 PFID support
 - 3. Add PCIe function type to the PCIe function definition in the I/O configuration
 - 4. PCIe function measurement block changes







SMC-R (10GbE RoCE Express) Single root (I/O virtualization)

z/OS 2.1

- Shared RoCE Support provides the following benefits:
 - The ability to concurrently share the same physical adapter (PCHID) with up to 31 LPARs.
 - The capability to concurrently use both 10GbE ports on the same adapter
 - With dedicated support (zEC12 GA2 functionality) z/OS could only use 1 physical port.
- To exploit you must:
 - Define VFs in IOCDS via HCD/HCM
 - For each VF a unique FID must be defined
 - Communications Server multi-stack (per z/OS instance) would need to alter their TCP/IP profile
 - No changes to single stack
 - As long as FID was not changed
- SMC Applicability Tool:
 - Identifies the amount of traffic that would benefit and if any CPU savings would be gained from using SMC-R versus TCP/IP

Exploitation of XL C/C++ ARCH(11) and TUNE(11)

- Unlike prior generations of servers, exploitation of new hardware instructions using XL C/C++ ARCH(11) and TUNE(11) or SIMD exploitation by MASS and ATLAS Libraries, requires the z13 Exploitation Support for z/OS V2.1 XL C/C++ web deliverable
- The web deliverable contains the following enhancements:
 - -ARCH(11)/TUNE(11) compiler options
 - -SIMD/vector support
 - •Vector infrastructure datatypes, options, linkages for language support
 - •Over 300 built-in functions for storage access, integer intrinsics, string intrinsics, floating point intrinsics and infix operations
 - •Vector debug support (generation of dwarf debug information consumable by debuggers)
 - -New z13 hardware instruction support
 - •LOAD HALFWORD HIGH IMMEDIATE ON CONDITION
 - •LOAD HALFWORD IMMEDIATE ON CONDITION
 - •LOAD HIGH ON CONDITION
 - **•**STORE HIGH ON CONDITION
 - -Decimal Floating Point packed conversion facility support
 - -Performance improvements

Exploitation of XL C/C++ ARCH(11) and TUNE(11)

- C/C++ ARCH(11) and TUNE(11) options:
 - The ARCHITECTURE C/C++ compiler option selects the minimum level of machine architecture on which your program will run.
 - ARCH(11) exploits instructions available on a z13 server
 - The TUNE compiler option allows you to optimize your application for a specific machine architecture within the constraints imposed by the ARCHITECTURE option
 - o The TUNE level has to be at least the ARCH level
 - o If the TUNE level is lower than the specified ARCH level, the compiler forces TUNE to match the ARCH level or uses the default TUNE level, whichever is greater.
 - o For more information on the ARCHITECTURE and TUNE compiler options refer to the z/OS XL C/C++ User's Guide.
- Exploitation Restriction:
 - Code compiled with the C/C++ ARCH(11) option can only run on z13 servers, otherwise an operation exception will result
 - This is a consideration for programs running on different level servers during development, test, production, and during fallback or DR

Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) instruction set and execution: Business Analytics Vector Processing

z/OS Support includes the following:

- Enablement of Vector Registers (VR)
- Use of VR when using XL C/C++ ARCH(11) and TUNE(11)
- MASS Mathematical Acceleration Sub-System
 - A math library with optimized and tuned math functions
 - Has SIMD, vectorized, and non-vectorized version
 - Can be used in place of some of the C Standard math functions
- ATLAS (Automatically Tuned Linear Algebra Software)
 - A specialized math library that is optimized for the hardware
- LE enablement for ATLAS (for C runtime functions)
- DBX to support disassemble the new vector instructions, and to display and set vector registers
- XML SS Exploitation to use new vector processing instructions to improve the performance
- IBM 31-bit SDK for z/OS, Java Technology Edition, Version 8 and IBM 64-bit SDK for z/OS, Java Technology Edition, Version 8
- Enterprise PL/I for z/OS, V4.5
- Enterprise COBOL for z/OS, V5.2

z/OS 2.1





SIMD Exploitation Considerations

- MASS Libraries
 - The z13 libraries require SIMD instruction support for the SIMD and vector version of MASS.
 - The scalar version of the library does not use SIMD instructions
 - The zEC12 libraries (vector and scalar) do not use SIMD instructions
- ATLAS Libraries
 - ATLAS has a version for z13 and another version for zEC12
- Either Library
 - Any library function calls will abend if run on a lower hardware level system
 - Any z13 library function calls will abend if run on pre-z13 generation server
 - <u>Therefore don't use the z13 version of the MASS and ATLAS libraries</u> until the compiled application is targeted to run on an z13 server
- XL C/C++ Performance Improvements can be measured using Performance Analyzer



SIMD Exploitation Considerations

- To use the MASS library functions instead of the standard math library functions, the MASS library must be put first in the library concatenation
 - The xlc.cfg stanza's can be modified to put the MASS library first in the sysobj attribute
 - The compiler process can be modified to put the MASS library first in the SYSOBJ DD concatenation
- To use the libraries alongside the standard math library, the libraries can be added to the end of the library concatenation
 - This means that the MASS functions that are common with the C standard library will not be used
- POSIX(ON) is required for ATLAS to run in multi-threaded mode for maximum performance

IBM

SIMD Migration, and Fallback Considerations

- This is new functionality and code will have to be created to take advantage of it
- Some math function replacement can be done without code changes by inclusion of the scalar MASS library before the standard math library
 - Different accuracy for MASS vs. the standard math library
 - IEEE is the only mode allowed for MASS
 - Rounding mode must be to nearest and exceptions must be masked
 - Overlap of arguments may result in undefined behavior in MASS
 - Migration Action: Assess the accuracy of the functions in the context of the user application when deciding whether to use the MASS and ATLAS libraries.
- LOADxx MACHMIG can be used to disable SIMD at IPL time



Agenda

- IBM z13 Overview
- z/OS Support by Release
- Hardware PSP Buckets and Fix Categories
- Migration Considerations
 - -General
 - -Sysplex and Multisystem Considerations
 - -Exploitation Considerations for Selected Functions

Summary

Backup

Summary of z/OS Support for z13

- Provides same functionality as that on the IBM zEC12 plus
- z/OS V1.12
 - FICON Express16S
 - Greater than 128 Coupling Links toleration
 - Crypto Express5S toleration
 - Treats Crypto Express5S as Crypto Express4S
 - Support architecture for up to 85 Domains on Crypto Express4S and Crypto Express5S
 - New z/Architecture Instructions (assembler new OPCODE support)
- z/OS V1.13
 - Changed (node) cache structure optimized by HiperDispatch
 - Greater than 128 Coupling Links per CEC
 - CF Level 20 support
 - Integrated Coupling Adapter (ICA) Links
 - Crypto Express5S exploitation (if web deliverable is installed)
 - Next Generation Coprocessor support, Format Preserving Encryption (FPE)
 - Improved Channel Subsystem Scalability
 - Up to 85 LPARs
 - Up to six logical channel subsystems (CSSs)
 - 4 Subchannel Sets per CSS
 - Improved zHPF I/O Execution at Distance
 - Manage FICON Dynamic Routing
 - Fabric Priority for an I/O request
- z/OS V2.1
 - Shared RoCE Support
 - Two-way simultaneous multithreaded (SMT) operation
 - Up to 141-way in non-SMT mode (up to 128 way in SMT mode)
 - Increase number of coupling links from 128 to 256 (STP)
 - Health Check for FICON Dynamic Routing
 - Miscellaneous PCle enhancements
 - PCle extended address translation
 - Greater than 256 PFID support
 - Add PCIe function type to the PCIe function definition in the I/O configuration
 - PCle function measurement block changes
 - Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) instruction set and execution: Business Analytics Vector Processing
 - MASS and ATLAS Library, SPSS Modeler and ILOG Cplex
 - Exploitation of new hardware instructions XL C/C++ ARCH(11) and TUNE(11)
 - New z13 hardware instruction support
 - SIMD (Vector support) and Vector data
 - Decimal Floating Point packed conversion facility support
 - Performance improvements
 - o Machine model scheduling and code generation updates
 - Up to 4 TB per z/OS LPAR (statement of direction)



z/OS Support for IBM z13 Servers

z/OS Support Summary

			BM. 2964														IE	BM.D	evic	e.Se	erver	.z13∙	-296	4.Ex	oloita	ation	1					
Release	Base Support	CPU Measurement Facility	Crypto Express5S Toleration	FICON Express 8S	FICON Express 16S	z13 Assembler Support	OSA-Express4S	OSA-Express5S	GRS Support for FICON CTCs	High Performance FICON (zHPF)	InfiniBand Coupling Links	Support for 256 Coupling Links/CEC	>16 Cryptographic Domains	CF Level 20 Support	Integrated Coupling Links (ICA SR)	SAN Fabric I/O Priority	FICON Dynamic Routing	Improved CSS Scalability	zAware	Transactional Memory	Improved zHPF I/O Execution at Distance	zEnterprise Data Compression (zEDC)	Flash Express	2GB Large Pages	Crypto Express5S Exploitation	Shared R0CE Express Support	Simultaneous Multithreading (SMT)	Miscellaneous PCle Enhancements	Greater than 100 CPs per z/OS Image ³	Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD)	z13 XL C/C++ Support	Up to 4TB per z/OS LPAR
z/OS V1.12 ¹	Y	Y	w	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	т	w									т										
z/OS V1.13	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Т	w	w	w							
z/OS V2.1	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	W	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	w	Y ⁴
z/OS 2.2 ²	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Υ

Notes:

1 Beginning with z/OS V1.12, IBM Software Support Services replaces the IBM Lifecycle Extension for z/OS offering with a service extension for extended defect support.

2 Planned. All statements regarding IBM's plans, directions, and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice.

- 3 Up to 141-way in non-SMT mode (up to 128-way in SMT mode)
- 4 Up to 4TB per z/OS is a statement of direction for z/OS V2.1
- T Coexistence support provided

W A web deliverable is required for exploitation support available at http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/downloads/







Summary of z/OS Support for z13 Servers

- Base support is provided by PTFs identified by: —IBM.Device.Server.z13-2964.RequiredService
- Exploitation of many functions is provided by PTFs identified by:
 - -IBM.Device.Server.z13-2964.Exploitation
- Recommended service is identified by:
 - -IBM.Device.Server.z13-2964.RecommendedService
 - Should also be either "required service" or "exploitation"
- Exploitation of some functions requires a web deliverable
 - Exploitation of Crypto Express5S requires the Enhanced
 Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1.13 and z/OS V2.1 web deliverable
 - Exploitation of new hardware instructions using XL C/C++ ARCH(11) and TUNE(11) or SIMD exploitation by MASS and ATLAS Libraries, requires the *z13 Exploitation Support for z/OS V2.1 XL C/C++* web deliverable
- All support is planned to be included in the z/OS V2.2 base



NEW: z/OSMF Workflow Support

- All the z/OS considerations contained in this presentation are documented in the <u>z/OS V2.1 Migration</u> book (-03 level, or later)
- The z13 topics from the z/OS V2.1 Migration book have been put into a z/OSMF Workflow!!!
 - z/OSMF V2.1 users can download the workflow and use it to track their z/OS upgrade required to support the z13
 - <u>http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/tools/downloads/zosmf-z13-</u> migration-workflow.html
 - Users are encouraged to provide feedback on the Workflow
 - Just complete the last set in the Workflow

IBM z13 Server Migration Workflow

IBM z/OS Management Facility

Welcome × Workflows ×

Workflows > e0z3m10328 - Workflow_0

e0z3m10328 - Workflow_0

		Notes History
Description:	Owner:	System:
e0z3m10328	gdaynes	SHARPLEX.S1
Percent complete:	Steps complete:	Status:
82%	34 of 41	In Progress

Workflow Steps

V	Actions 🔻						
	State Filter	No. Filter	Title Filter	Automated Filter	Owner Filter	Skill Category Filter	Assignees Filter
	In Progress	1	⊟ Migrate to an IBM z13 server				
	✓ Complete	1.1	 General recommendations and considerations for a z13 server 				
	✓ Complete	1.2					
	✓ Complete	1.3	 Actions you can take before you order a z13 server 				
	In Progress	1.4	 Migration and exploitation considerations for z13 server functions 				
	✓ Complete	1.5	 Accommodate functions for the z13 server to be discontinued on future servers 				
	♣Assigned	2	Provide feedback to IBM on your migration experience	No		System Programmer	gdaynes

Total: 47, Selected: 1

Return to Workflows Refresh La

Refresh Last refresh: Feb 10, 2015, 2:27:18 PM local time (Feb 10, 2015, 7:27:18 PM GMT)

Welcome gdaynes



Thank You

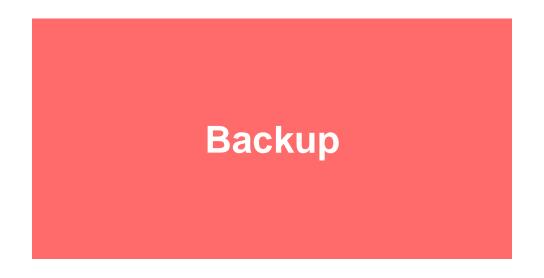


Agenda

- IBM z13 Overview
- z/OS Support by Release
- Hardware PSP Buckets and Fix Categories
- Migration Considerations
 - -General
 - -Sysplex and Multisystem Considerations
 - -Exploitation Considerations for Selected Functions
- Summary

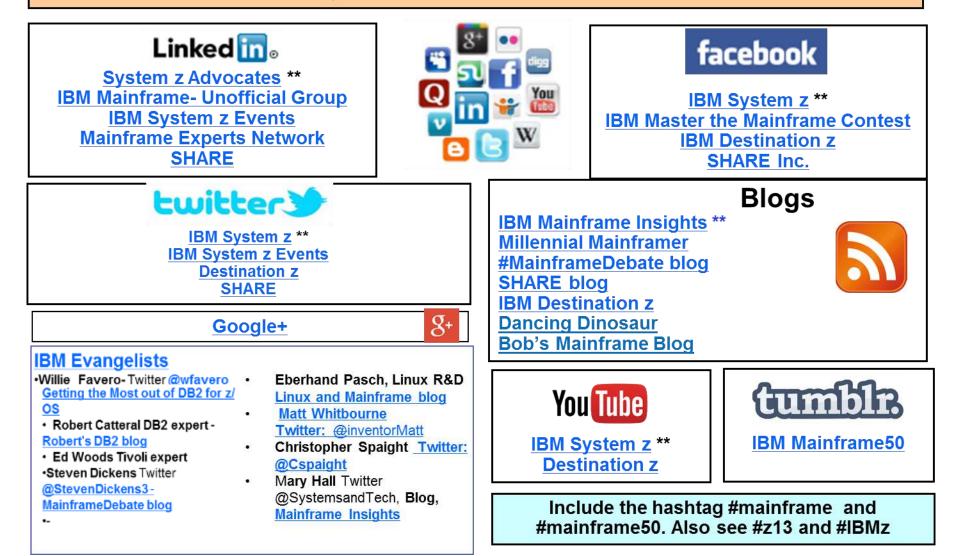








Subscribe to the new <u>IBM Mainframe Weekly</u> digital newsletter to get the latest updates on the IBM Mainframe!





HCD Compatibility

Release	Funct	z900/ z800 WdfM	z990/ z890 WdfM	z9 EC z9 BC WdfM	z10 EC z10 BC WdfM	z196 z114	zEC12 zBC12 w/o PCIE	zEC12 GA2 zBC12 w/PCIE	z13 w/o PCIE	z13 w/PCIE
z/OS V1.12	HW	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Ν	Ν	Ν
	SW	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
	UPD	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Ν	Y ¹	Ν
	RPT	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
z/OS V1.13	нพ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Ν	Y	Ν
	SW	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
	UPD	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Ν	Y	Ν
	RPT	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
z/OS V2.1	нพ			Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
	SW			Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
	UPD			Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
	RPT			Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
z/OS V2.2*	нพ				Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
	SW				Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
	UPD				Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
	RPT				Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
HW – Perform hard SW – Perform softw UPD - Update selec RPT - run reports o	vare activat	ion, if IODF sor (attribut	contains se es) via HCD	lected proce	essor			that no PN	ons are defined i ETIDs are used ° LCSS or 4 th Su	in the IODF and

© 2015 IBM Corporation

* Planned. All statements regarding IBM's plans, directions, and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice.

Crypto HCR77A1 Migration Considerations (1 of 5)

- Installation of the Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V21R1 web deliverable introduces the following considerations:
 - Adjunct Processors (AP) Configuration simplification
 - The new Adjunct Processors (AP) configuration processing will compare each master key verification pattern (MKVPs) present in the CKDS/PKDS or TKDS to the corresponding MKVP for a given processor, if supported by that processor. If any do not match, the processor will not become active and available for work.
 - o In previous releases, if a subset of the master keys matched, the coprocessor could become active.
 - o A migration health check
 - ICSFMIG77A1_COPROCESSOR_ACTIVE will be implemented for HCR7770, HCR7780, HCR7790 and HCR77A0. The health check warns the user when master key configuration of crypto devices does not match the active key data stores which could result in crypto devices not being activated after migration to HCR77A1.

Crypto HCR77A1 Migration Considerations (2 of 5)

- Installation of the Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V21R1 web deliverable introduces the following considerations:
 - CCF Removal (removes support for the z800 and z900 machines)
 - Migration actions are required by the user to accommodate this change due to:
 - o Removal of services which are no longer supported by the hardware
 - o Removal of BHAPI support
 - o Removal/renaming of field names
 - o The DATAXLAT key type is no longer supported (KGN, SKI, or KGUP) requires CCF system.
 - A migration check ICSFMIG77A1_UNSUPPORTED_HW will be created to check that the current hardware will be able to start ICSF FMID HCR77A1. If not, the migration check will indicate that HCR77A1 will not be able to start. The message will be:

o CSFH0017I Processor will not be supported by ICSF after migration

- In addition, any customer that has z800/z900 servers and zEC12/zBC12 (with the Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V21R1 web deliverable installed, will need to maintain 2 software stacks
 - 1. One with the level of ICSF prior to the Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V21R1 web deliverable
 - 2. One with the Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V21R1 web deliverable installed

Crypto HCR77A1 Migration Considerations (3 of 5)

- Installation of the Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V21R1 web deliverable introduces the following considerations:
 - CTRACE Enhancements
 - Previously, ICSF supported the TRACEENTRY option in the Options dataset, which allowed the user to configure the maximum number of CTRACE records in the ICSF buffer.
 - o This option is deprecated, but will not prevent ICSF initialization.
 - Now, ICSF supports the CTRACE(CTICSFxx) option in the Options dataset, which provides the name of a PARMLIB member containing ICSF's CTRACE options.
 - No action is required to take advantage of this new function.
 - o If the TRACEENTRY option is present, it will merely cause a JOBLOG message (CSFO0212) and the value will be ignored.
 - o If the CTRACE option is not present, ICSF will behave as if CTRACE(CTICSF00) was specified.
 - » If the PARMLIB member specified (or CTICSF00 if defaulted) is not present, ICSF will select a reasonable set of options (the same options present in the CTICSF00 sample installed via SMP/E).
 - o The TRACEENTRY option can remain in the Options dataset, especially if it is shared across multiple ICSF instances.
 - » The presence of the option will not adversely affect HCR77A1.
 - » Additionally, the CTRACE option can be added and bracketed with BEGIN(HCR77A1)/END if settings other than the defaults in CTICSF00 are desired on HCR77A1 systems.

Crypto HCR77A1 Migration Considerations (4 of 5)

- Installation of the Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V21R1 web deliverable introduces the following considerations:

 - KDS Key Utilization Stats only if implemented
 KDS Key Utilization Stats will introduce a new format of KDS records.
 - The Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V21R1 web deliverable is compatible with old versions of the KDS. Only the TKDS is affected incompatibly.
 - o The web deliverable will support a new format of KDS records.
 - o It will be compatible with old versions of the KDS.
 - o There will be a utility to migrate a KDS in the old format to the new format.
 - » Once in the new format a KDS cannot be converted back to the earlier format
 - o Prior releases will not be able to run with a KDS in the new format.
 - » There will be a toleration APAR for earlier releases so the they recognize a KDS is in the new format and fail gracefully.
 - o When the web deliverable level is using a KDS in the old format it will not perform any of the new functions associated with this line item.
 - o A new migration Health Check ICSFMIG77A1_TKDS will be created to check the TKDS to ensure it can be migrated to the format required for KDS Key Utilization function.

© 2015 IBM Corporation

Crypto HCR77A1 Migration Considerations (5 of 5)

- UDX (User Defined eXtension)
 - Extends the functionality of IBM's CCA (Common Cryptographic Architecture) application program
 - Customized cryptographic verb controls per customer
 - UDX interfaces using hardware control blocks and ICSF control blocks
 - Therefore if hardware platform changes, or ICSF level changes, or both, then
 - o UDX must updated for the new control blocks
 - » If a customer has UDX, they would already know this
 - Starting with the Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V21R1 web deliverable some user defined extensions are shipped with the web deliverable.



Deliverable Name	FMID	Applicable z/OS Releases	Avail	EoM
z/OS or z/OS.e V1.3 or V1.4	HCR7706	z/OS V1.3 and z/OS V1.4	3/2002	9/2004
z990 Cryptographic CP Assist Support for z/OS V1.31	HCR7708	z/OS V1.3	6/2003	10/2003
z/OS V1.4 z990 Compatibility Support or z/OS.e z990 Coexistence	HCR7708	z/OS V1.4	6/2003	10/2003
z/OS V1.4 z990 Exploitation Support or z/OS.e Coexistence Update feature	HCR7708	z/OS V1.4	10/2003	12/2006
z990 Cryptographic Support ²	HCR770A	OS/390 V2.10, z/OS 1.2, z/OS 1.3, z/OS V1.4, any z/OS V1.4 features, and z/OS V1.5	9/2003	5/2004
z/OS or z/OS.e V1.5	HCR7708	z/OS V1.5	3/2004	9/2004
z/OS or z/OS.e V1.6	HCR770A	z/OS V1.6	9/2004	10/2005
z990 and z890 Enhancements to Cryptographic Support ³	HCR770B	OS/390 V2.10, z/OS V1.2, z/OS V1.3, z/OS V1.4 and z/OS V1.5	5/2004	TBD
ICSF 64-bit Virtual Support for Z/OS V1.6 and z/OS.e V1.6 ⁴	HCR7720	z/OS V1.6	12/2004	9/2005
z/OS or z/OS.e V1.7	HCR7720	z/OS V1.7	9/2005	10/2006
Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R6/R7 and z/OS.e V1R6/R75	HCR7730	z/OS V1.6 and z/OS V1.7	9/2005	5/2006
Enhancements to Cryptographic Support for z/OS and z/OS.e V1R6/R76	HCR7731	z/OS V1.6 and z/OS V1.7	5/2006	11/2007
z/OS or z/OS.e V1.8	HCR7731	z/OS V1.8	9/2006	10/2007
z/OS V1.9	HCR7740	z/OS V1.9	9/2007	10/2008
Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R7-V1R9 and z/OS.e V1R7-V1R8 web deliverable ⁷	HCR7750	z/OS V1.7, z/OS V1.8 and z/OS V1.9	9/2007	10/2011
z/OS V1.10	HCR7750	z/OS V1.10	9/2008	10/2009
Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1.8 through z/OS V1.10 and z/OS.e V1.8 web deliverable $^{\rm 8}$	HCR7751	z/OS V1.7, z/OS V1.8, z/OS V1.9, z/OS V1.10	11/2008	11/2009
z/OS V1.11	HCR7751	z/OS V1.11	9/2009	10/2010
Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R9-V1R11 Web deliverable9	HCR7770	z/OS V1.9, z/OS V1.10, z/OS V1.11	11/2009	9/2010
z/OS V1.12	HCR7770	z/OS V1.12	9/2010	10/2011
Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R10-V1R12 Web deliverable ¹⁰	HCR7780	z/OS V1.10, z/OS V1.11, z/OS V1.12	9/2010	TBD
z/OS V1.13	HCR7780	z/OS V1.13	9/2011	1/2014
Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R11-V1R13 Web deliverable ¹¹	HCR7790	z/OS V1.11, z/OS V1.12, z/OS V1.13	9/2011	TBD
Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R12-V1R13 Web deliverable ¹²	HCR77A0	z/OS V1.12, z/OS V1.13	9/2012	TBD
z/OS V2.1	HCR77A0	z/OS V2.1	9/2013	2H2015*
Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V21R1 Web deliverable ¹³	HCR77A1	z/OS V1.13, z/OS V2.1	9/2013	3/2015*
Enhanced Cryptographic Support for z/OS V1R13-z/OS V21R1 Web deliverable ¹⁴	HCR77B0	z/OS V1.13, z/OS V2.1	3/2015	TBD
z/OS V2.2*	HCR77B0	z/OS V2.2	9/2015*	2H2017*





© 2015 IBM Corporation