



z/OS Is the Rock, but Why? Let Us Count the Ways Session 26689 Thursday, February 27 at 1:45PM Room 204A

Presented by Paul R. Robichaux NewEra Software, Inc.

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### Abstract – z/OS Is the Rock, but Why? Let Us Count the Ways!



Let's face up to it, we're in a war. A war by design that is intended to undermine confidence in our network based information systems and their ability to assure the integrity of revenue generating processes and/or the security they provide over proprietary data and applications. This war is waged against us by hackers on the outside (sometimes nation states) and spies on the inside (our fellow employees or consultants). Each computing platform has its own unique set of hardware and software counter measures that prevent, detect and eradicate such nefarious system intrusions. And, it's here where the z Environment stands alone with the potential of being the most securable general purpose business computing platform available. But, this potential begs for a deeper understanding of this term "securable" and the needs of the individuals changed with maintaining z/OS System Integrity, the undisputed Rock of computing.

This presentation will widen your understanding of why z/OS is the Rock. In it, we will "Count", among others, such topics as – A desired Management Structure, z/OS Initialization, Authorized Program Facility (APF), System Access Facility (SAF), Accessor Environment Element (ACEE), External Security Manager (ESM), Communication Server (CS), Policy Management Agent (PAGENT), zEncryption Ready Technology (zERT) and the Network Management Interface (NMI).

These legacy controls, often disbursed throughout the z/OS organization in order to meet compliance standards that mandate "Separation of Duties", result in "Silos of control and interest" built by trusted professionals, who often lack a needed global perspective. Shedding new light on these Silos will help to eliminate confusion between these complementary, sometimes competing groups, and those who stand to benefit most: Management.

Paul R. Robichaux is CEO and co-founder of NewEra Software, Inc. He served as the Chief Financial Officer of Boole and Babbage for the ten years immediately preceding his co-founding of NewEra in 1990. He holds a BS in Accounting and a Masters in Business Administration from a Louisiana State University, is a Certified Public Accountant and a frequent speaker at industry events.

The corporate mission of NewEra Software is to provide software solutions that help users avoid z/OS non-compliance, make corrections when needed and in doing so, continuously improve z/OS integrity and Security. <a href="https://www.newera.com">https://www.newera.com</a>

#### A. Requirements

- Discipline
- Commitment
- Mutual Trust

#### B. Management

- Process
- Service Level Agreements
- Policy Decision Points(PDP/PFP)
- Separation of Duties

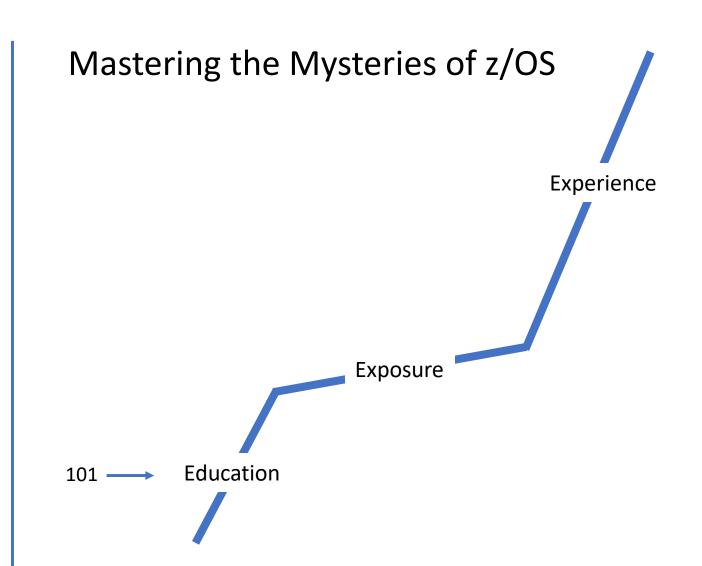
#### C. Assignments - Silos

- Hardware
- A z/OS IPL
- TCP/IP
- IPSec
- ESM

#### D. All the Detail

- IODF, SAF, APF, DUCT, PAGENT
- zERT, AT-TLS, LCSS, zCX, ACEE

#### E. What we Fear









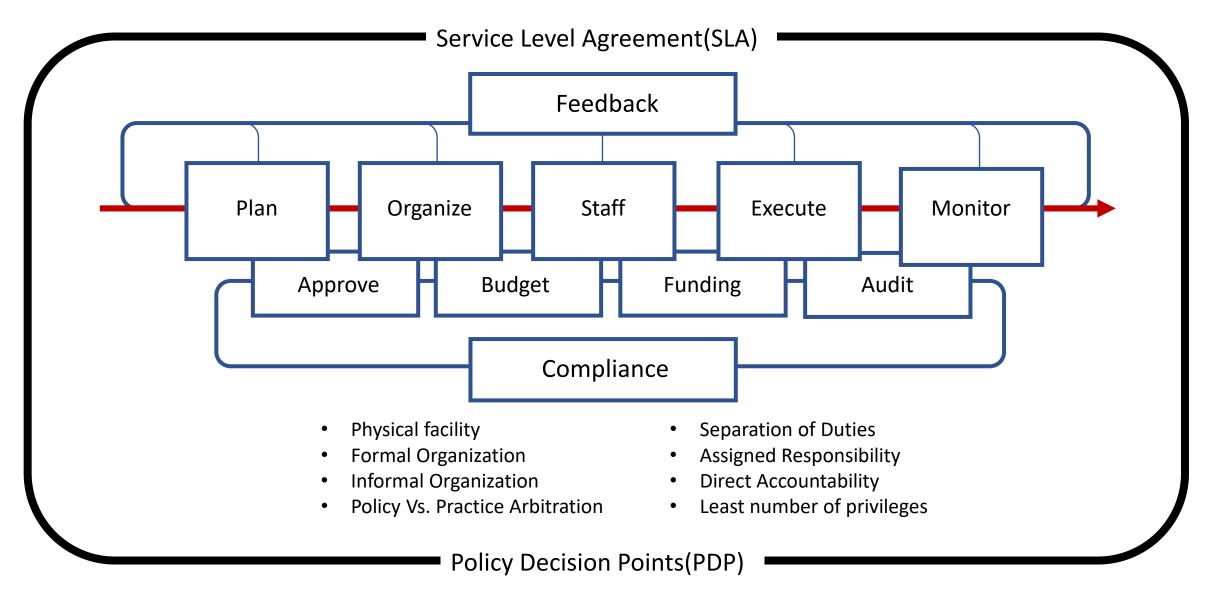
# SLA

#### Service Level Agreement

\* A statement of shared IS objectives: Reliability, Availability, Serviceability (RAS) including Integrity and Security(ISEC).

IBM z/OS® System Integrity Statement







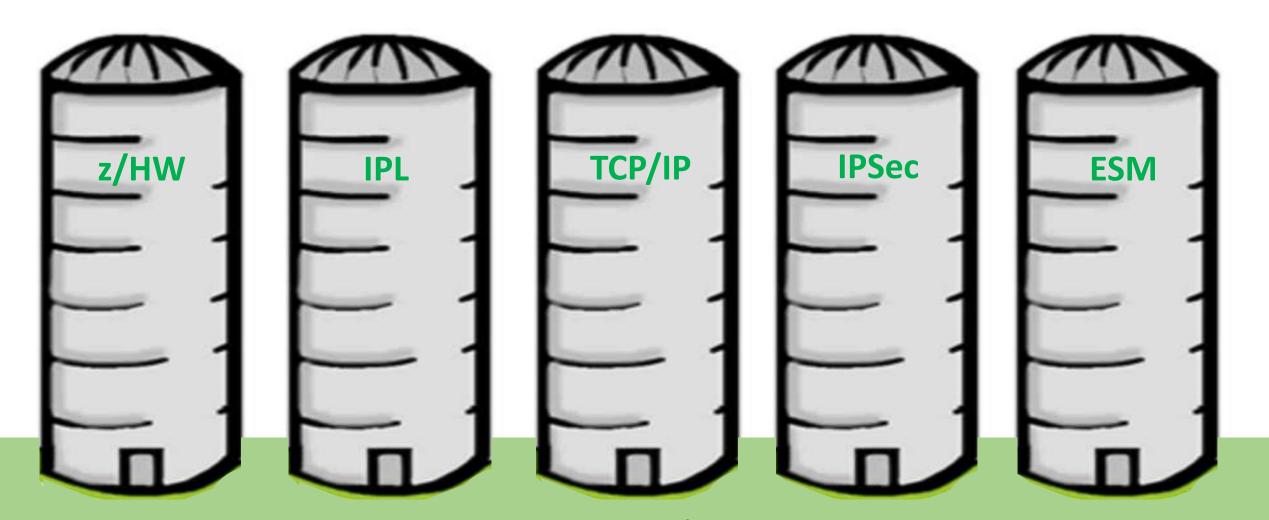
# **PEP**

#### Policy Enforcement Point

\*A system entity that makes authorization decisions for itself or other system entities that request its services.

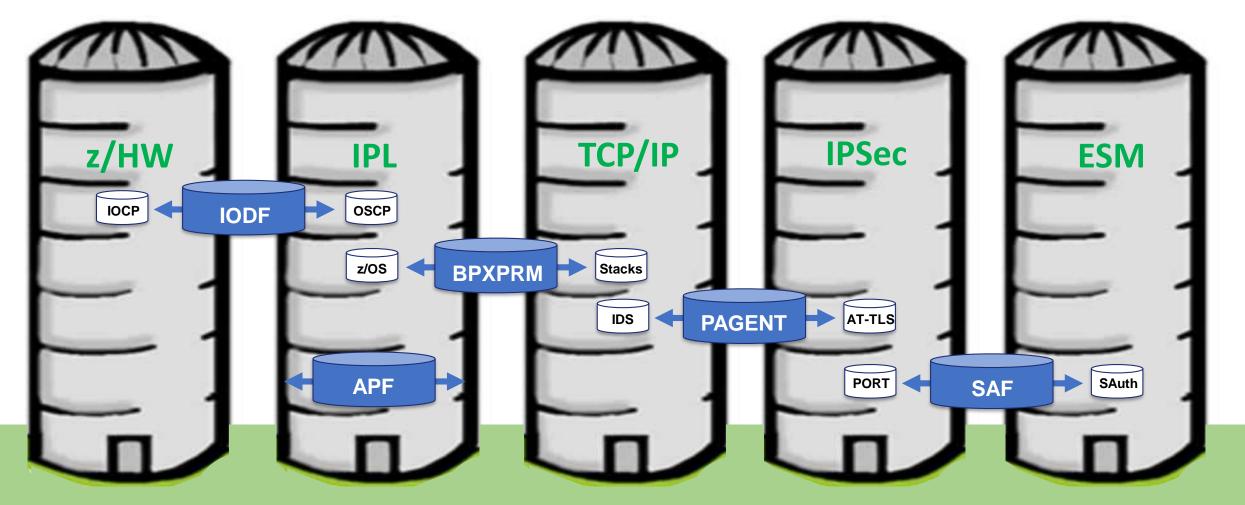
Best known PDPs – RACF, ACF2, Top Secret





**Separation of Duties** 

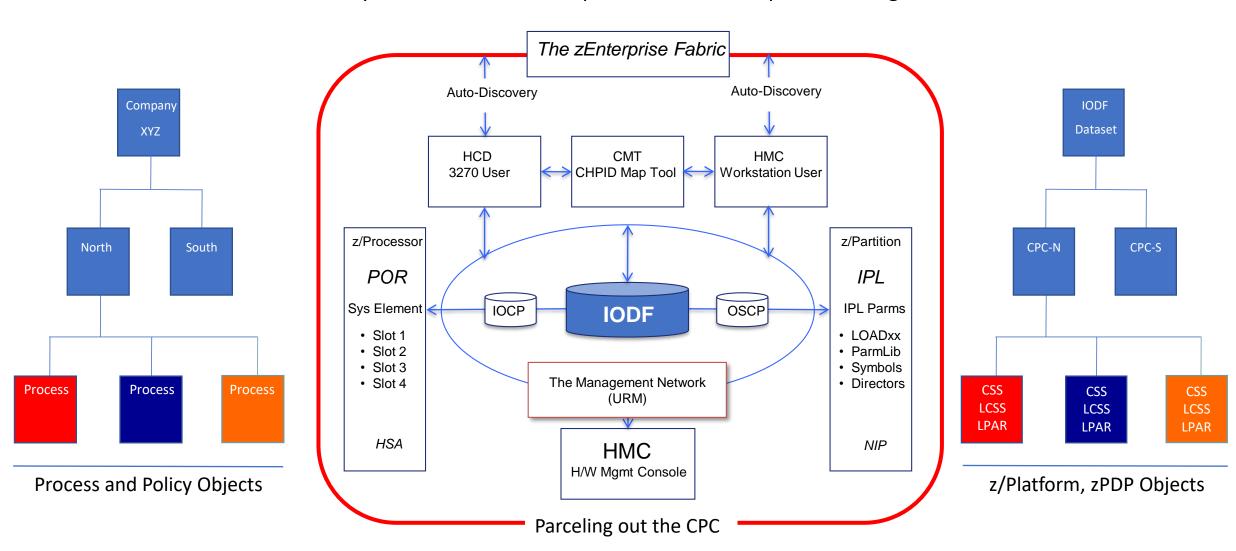




**Separation of Duties** 



z Systems - A General Purpose Business Computer Paradigm

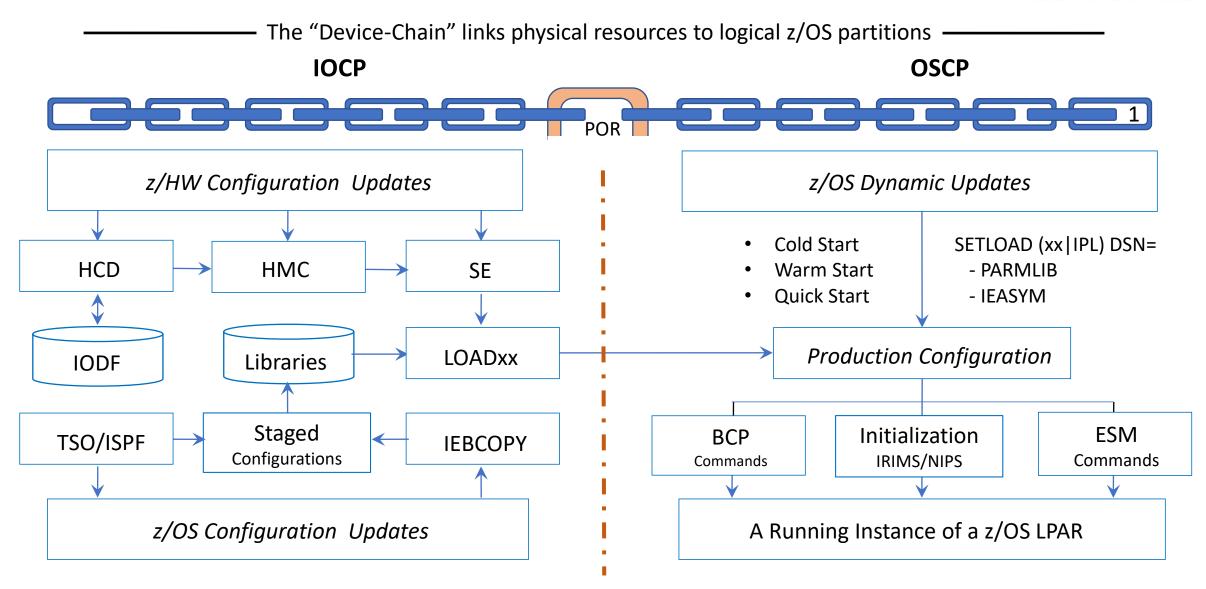




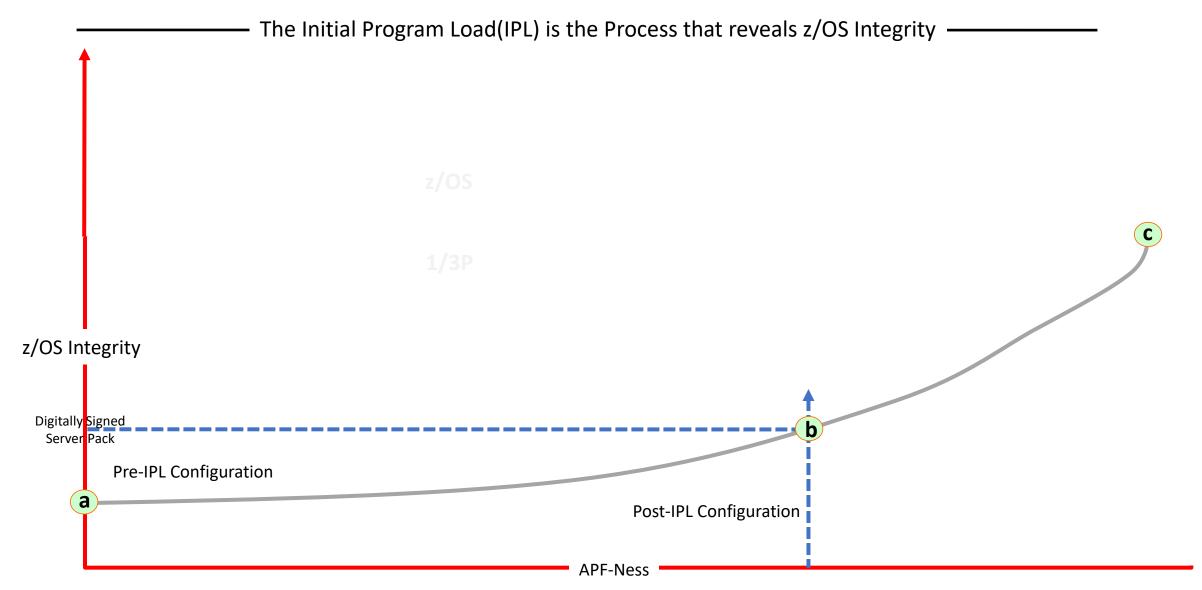
The "Device-Chain" links physical resources to logical z/OS partitions **IOCP OSCP** 256 Channel Subsystem (CSS) 85 Logical Partitions(LPARS)\* LCSS0 LCSS1 "CSS Is the Pipe"! LCSS2 LCSS3 LCSS4 LCSS5  $CHPID = 256 \times LCSS = 6$ 1536 Virtual Interface Paths/zPDP shared by up to 85 LPARs \*An LPAR is considered a Secure Service Container(SSC)

What is Evaluation Assurance Level (EAL)?

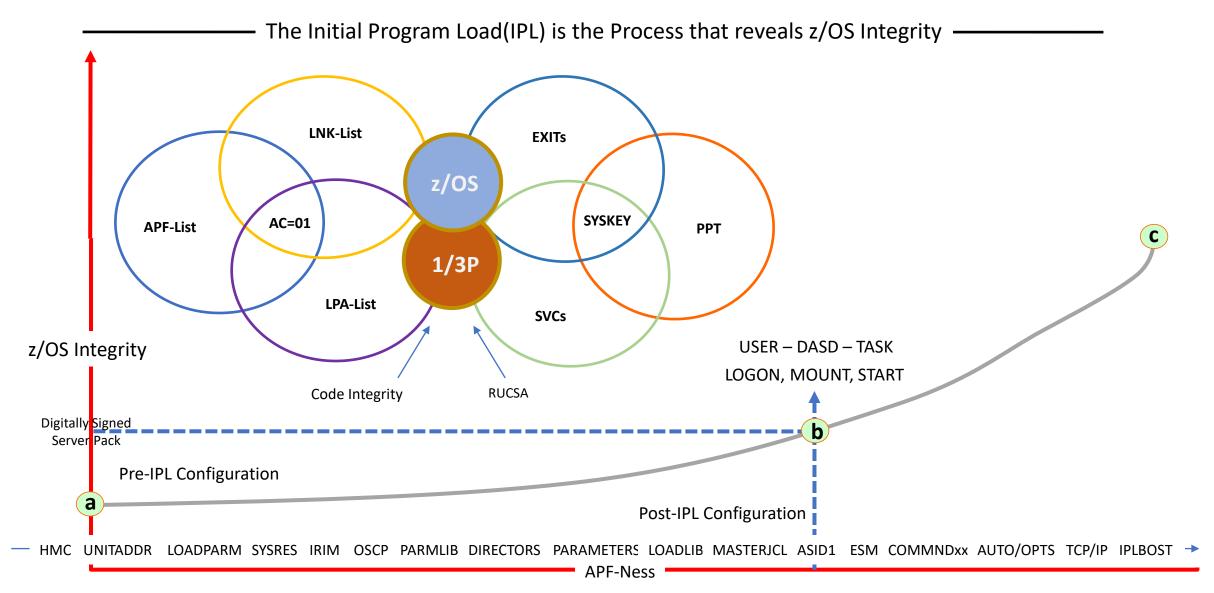




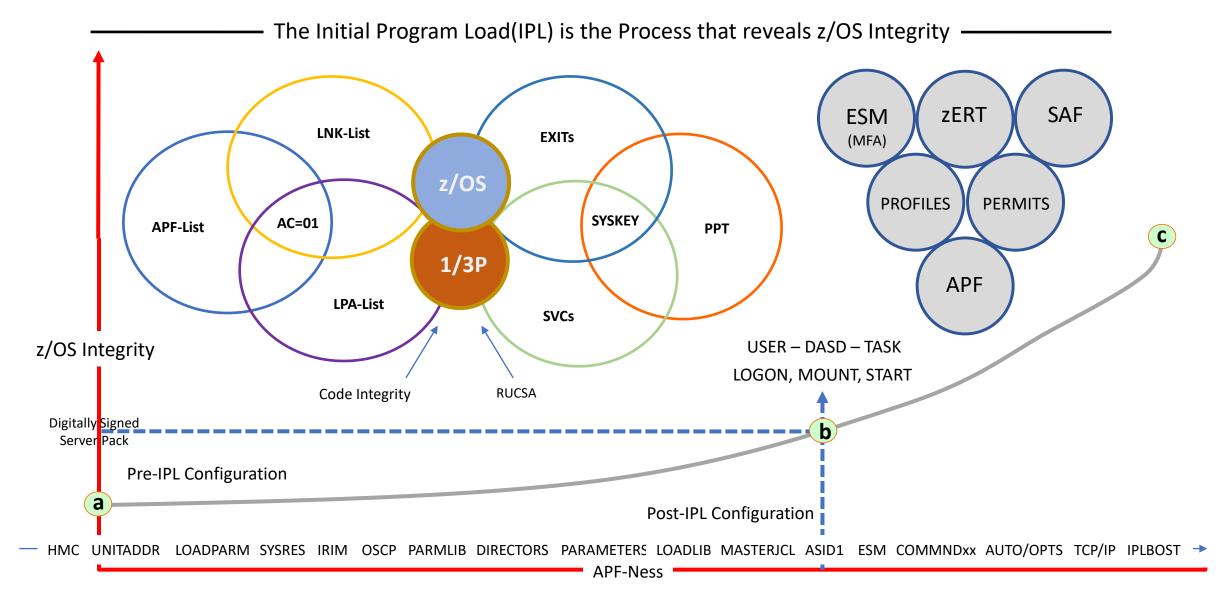




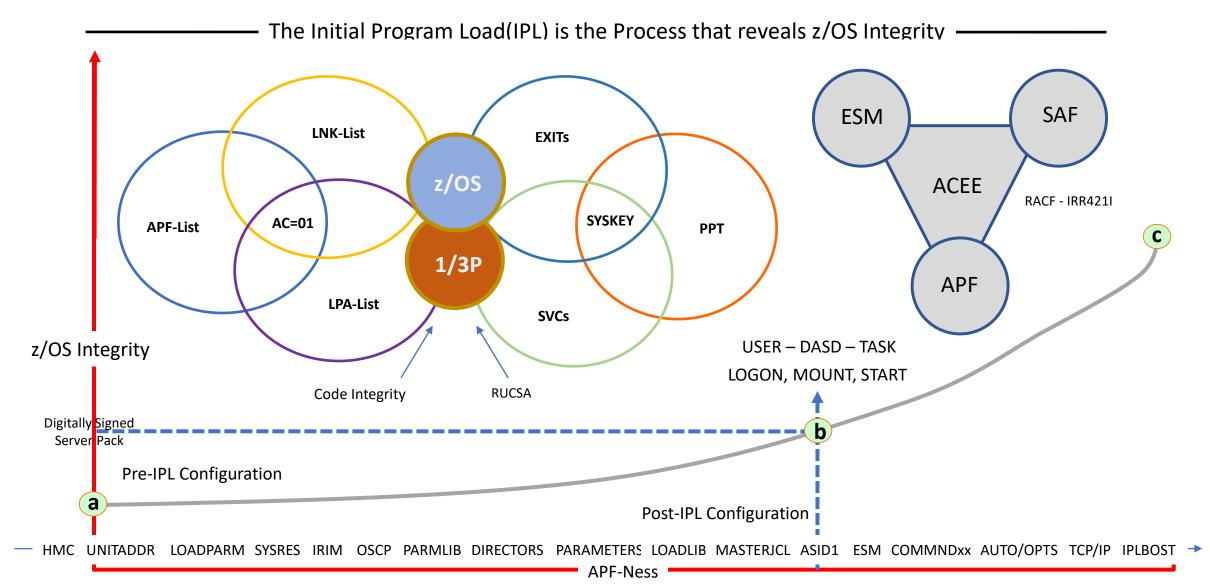




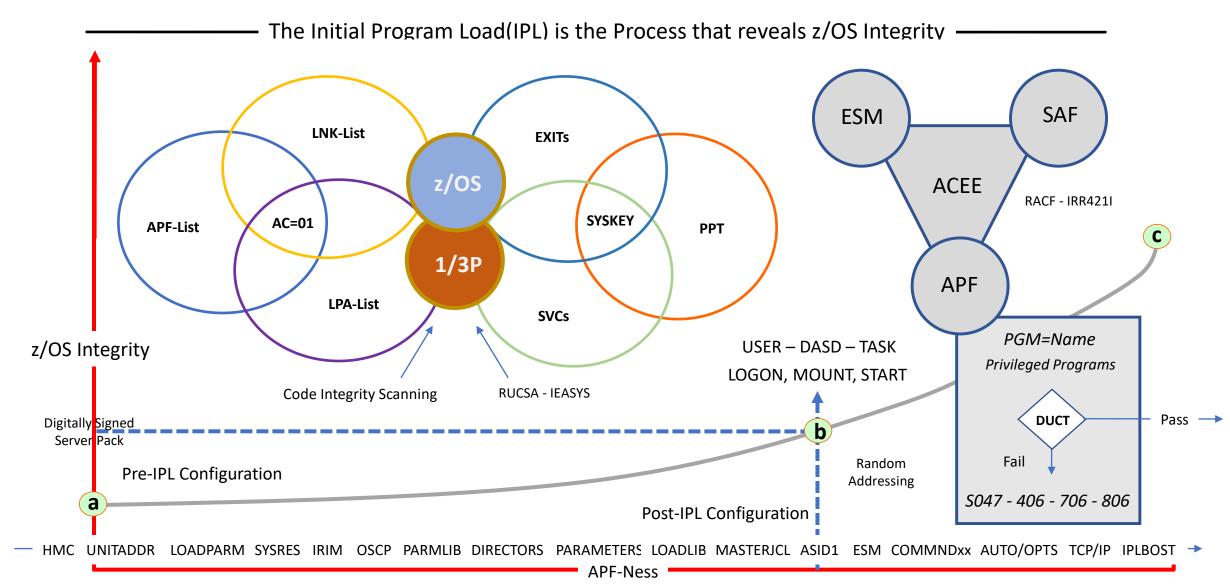




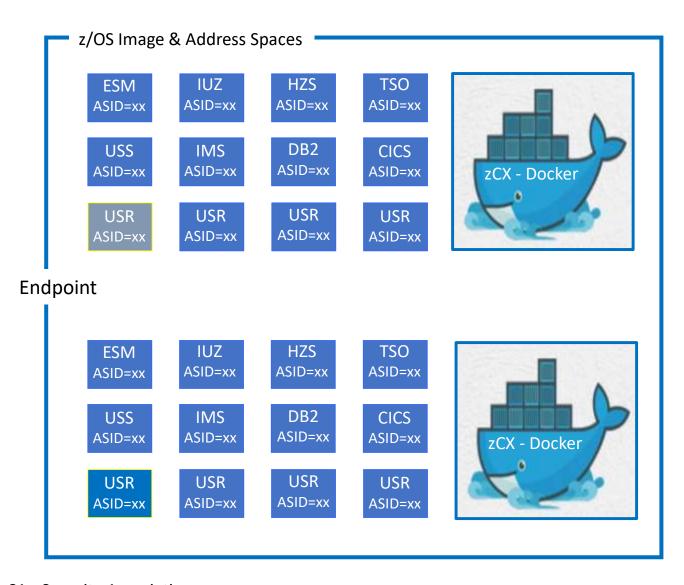




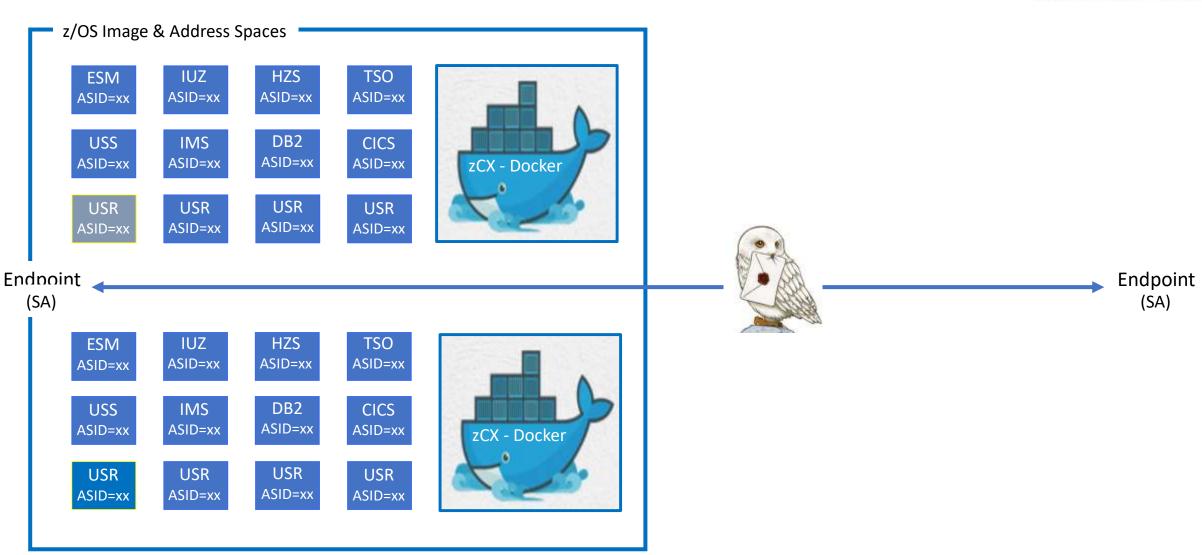




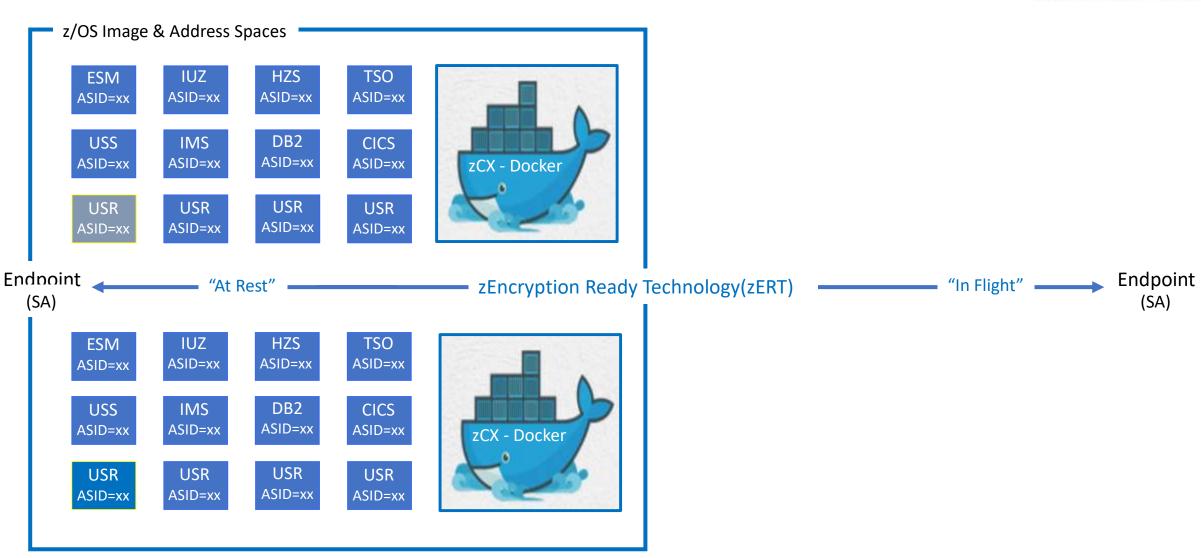




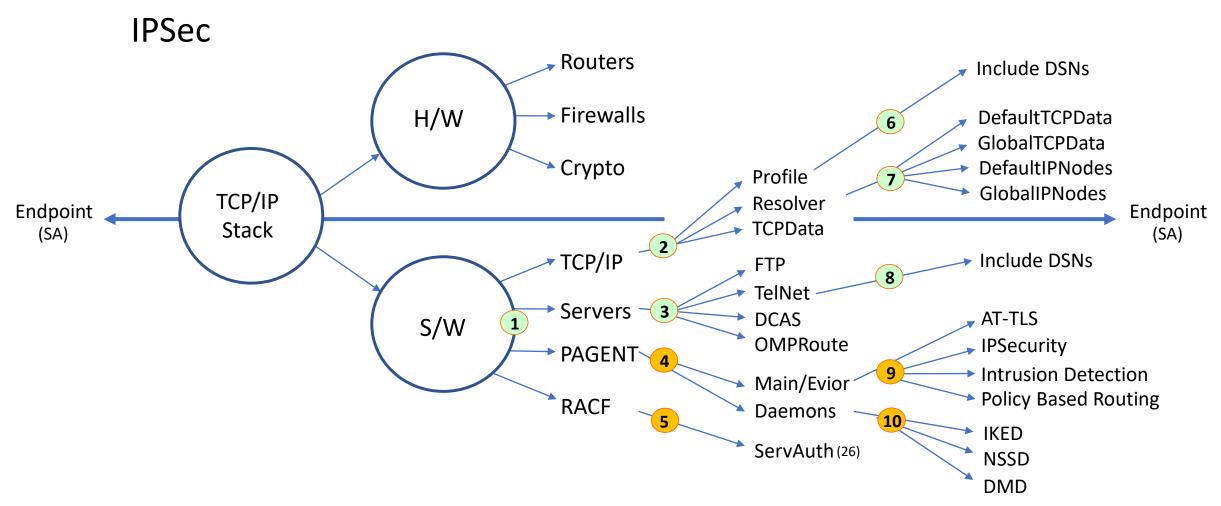




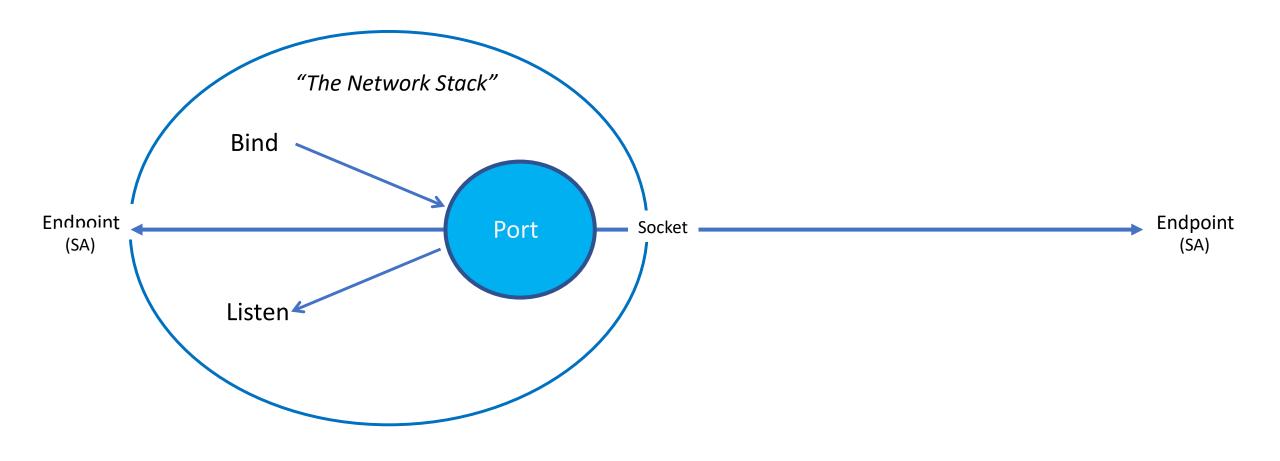




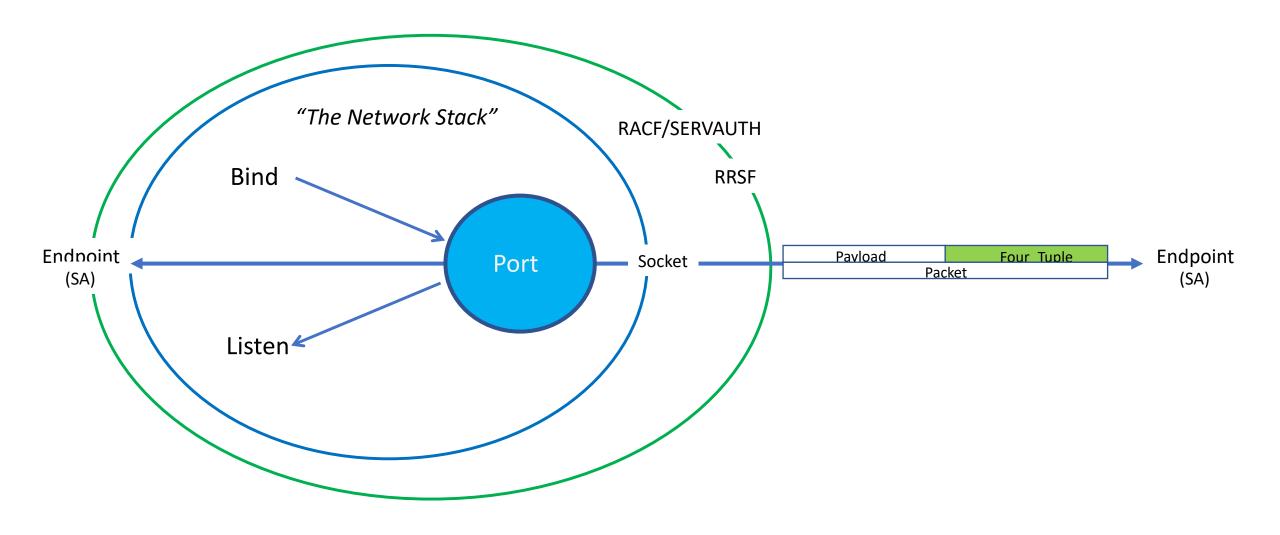




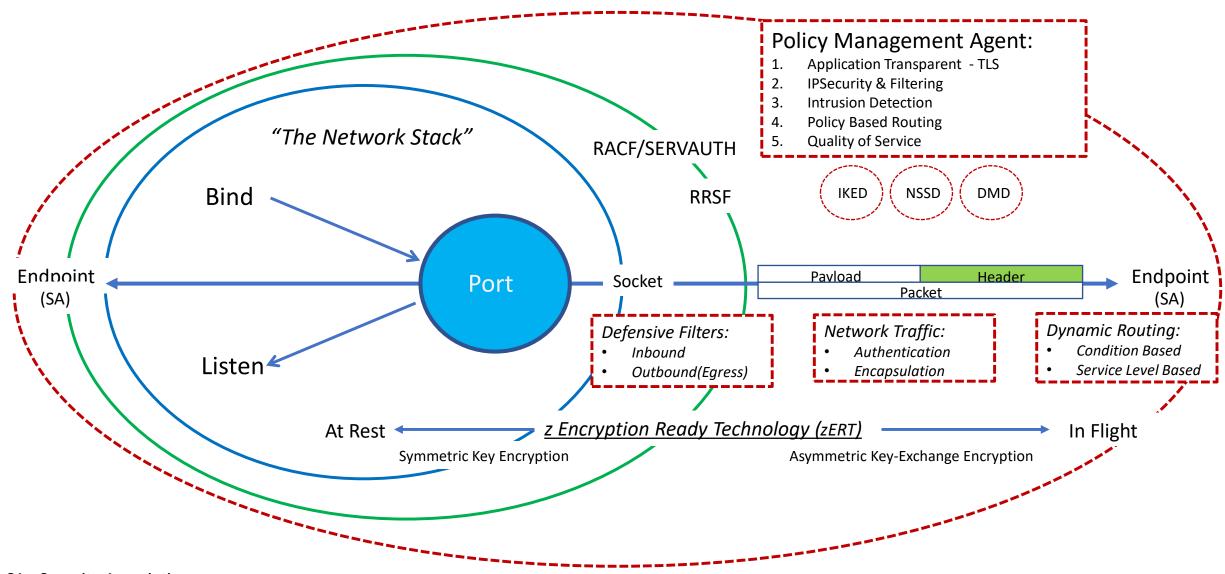




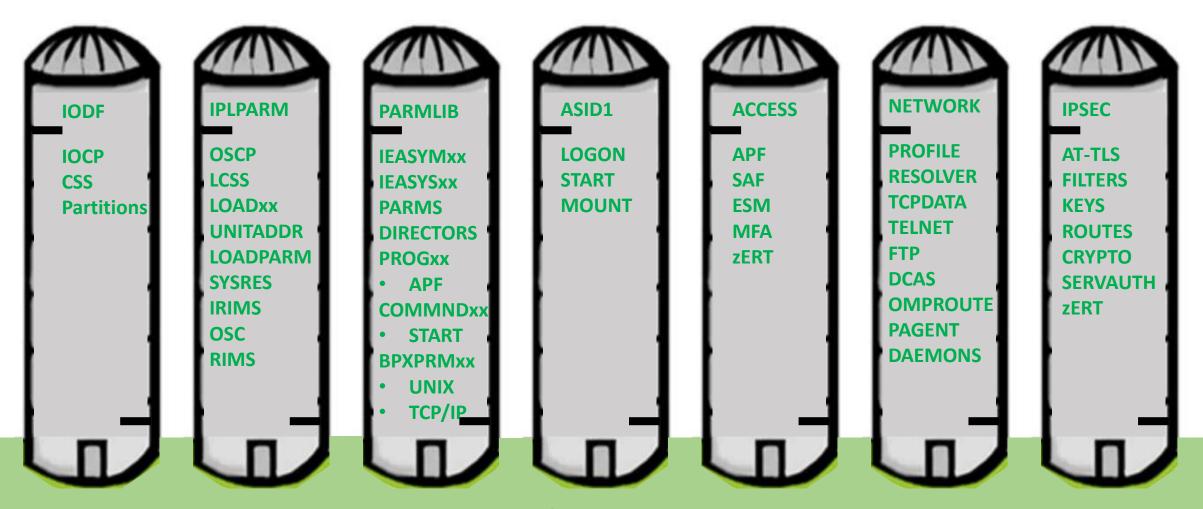












**zSystems Policy Decision Points** 



# What we all fear!

- The Improbable
- The Unimagined
- The Unexpected
- The Unforeseen





#### Glossary of Terms:

1. ACF2 - Access Control Facility 2 - A CA Technology Security Product (ESM) 2. APAR - Authorized Program Analysis Report describes problem, formally tracked until resolved - Authorized Program Facility 3. APF 4. ASID - The Numeric Address Space Identifier 5. BCP - The Base Control Program - Backbone of z/OS Reliability and Integrity - Custom-Built Product Delivery Option 6. CBPDO 7. CF - Channel Facility 8. CPC - The Central Processing Complex - CP Assist for Cryptographic Functions 9. CPACF - Compare Logical Intermediate - In snippet - test for change in State 10.CLI - Channel Sub-System - Controls data flow input/output. 11.CSS 12. CHPID - Channel Path Identifier - a logical designation - CHPID Mapping Tool - Maps Logical to Physical Channels 13.CMT 14.CVSS - Common Venerability Scoring System 15. DASD - Direct Access Storage Device 16.DEB - Data Extent Block build on OPEN of DCB (Data Control Block). Can examine but not change 17. DPM - Dynamic Partition Manager - Linux specific Partition Management 18. DUCT - Dispatchable Unit Control Table - Control over the Authority State - Assign attributes to data sets and objects so system can auto manage storage 19. DSFMF 20. EAL - Evaluation Assurance Level - A System Integrity Standard - z Systems are EAL 5



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21. EBCDIC - Extended Binary Coded Decimal Interchange Code
22. EDT
           - Eligible Device Table - I/O devices that are eligible for allocation
           - End of Service - a date
23.EOS
24. ESM - External Security Manager
25.ESP
          - Early Support Program
26.FI
           - Function ID - Generally Applies to PCIe compliant Devices
27.FICON
          - Fiber Connection - FICON has replaced ESCON
28. FIRST
           - Forum of Incident Response and Security Teams
29. FMID
           - Function Module ID - Identifies IBM/Vendor software and its release number
30.GDPS
           - Geographically Disbursed Sysplex
31.GDPR
           - General Data Protection Regulations - European Union (EU)
32. HCD
           - Hardware Configuration Definition
           - Hardware Management Console
33. HMC
34. HSA
           - Hardware Storage Area
35. HIPER
          - High Impact Pervasive - as used in HIPER Fix
36. TCSF
           - Integrated Cryptographic Services Facility
37. TFT
           - Integrated Facility for Linux - A System Assist Processor (SAP)
38.IMSI
          - Initialization Message Suppression Indicator
           - I/O Configuration Program - Hardware Portion of IODF
39. IOCP
40.IODF
           - Input/Output Definition File - HCD - IOCP, OSCP and SWCP
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41.IOCDS
           - Input/Output Configuration Dataset, same as IOCP
42. TOS
           - Input/Output Subsystem - Sometimes referred as simply I/O
           - Insert PSW Key - A privileged Instruction - See snippet
43.IPK
           - IPI Resource Initialization Modules
44. TRIM
45.JCL
           - JOB Control Language - used to submit job to z/OS
           - Logical Channel Sub-System - Up to 6 in a z14 each supports up to 15 LPARs
46.LCSS
           - Logical Partition - Up to 85 in a z14
47. LPAR
48. LTSR
           - Long-Term Support Release - 2yrs Minimum, 1yr extension is optional at EOS
49. MODESET - Change system status - alter PSW/PKM or State Indicator
           - Multi-Factor Authentication - MFL Multi-Factor Logon - MFR Multi-Factor Reset
50.MFA
51. NIPCON - A named Console Device used only during a system IPL
52.NIPS
           - Nucleus Initialization Processing
53.OLTP
           - Online Transaction Processing - as apposed to Batch Processing
54.OSCP
           - Operating System Control Program - Software portion of IODF
55.OTP
           - One-Time Password - TOTP Time-Sensitive One-Time Password
56. PE
           - Program Error - As would be referenced in a PTF
57. POR
           - Power on Reset - A base level initialization of hardware and possible IPL
58. PPT
           - Program Properties Table
59.PR/SM
           - Processor Resource/System Manager
60.PKM
           - Program Status Word MASK - Control PSW Key Changes
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61.PCIe	- Peripheral Component Interconnect Express
62.PCHID	- Physical Channel Identifier - Up to 256 in a z15, shared by all CHPIDs
63.PDE	- Pervasive Dataset Encryption - Part of the zERT Strategy
64.PMR	- Problem Management Report - How Customers/Users Report Problems
65. PSW	- Program Status Word - 0/7 protected & 8/15 not protected
66.PTF	- Program Temporary Fix - When applied resolves a related APAR - FIX Package FIXPCK
67.PU	- Processor Unit - Up to 107 in a single z14 CPC + SAP - System Assist Processors
68.RCT	- Region Control Task - Highest priority Task in Address Space - Controls Swap in/out
69.RIM	- Resource Initialization Modules
70.RACF	- Resource Access Control Facility - An IBM Security Product (ESM)
71.RRSF	- RACF Resource Sharing Facility - One RACF Db to service many systems
72.RSU	- Recommended Service Update
73.SAF	- System Access Facility - Provided by the Operating System in support of ESM
74.SAP	- System Assist Processor - I/O Channel Management, zIIPs, zAAPs, IFL's
75.SIA	- System Integrity APAR - Authorized Program Analysis Report
76.SLA	- Service Level Agreement - A shared commitment to service i.e. Response Time
77.SPE	- Describes a New Function APAR
78.SPKA	- Set Storage Protect Key from Address - A Privileged Instruction
79.SMP/E	- System Modification Program/Extended
80.SQA	- System Query Area - A storage area in main memory



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- Service Request Block - Supervisor State - SRB Routine, SRB Mode, Scheduling an SRB
81. SRB
82. SSC
           - Secure Service Container - A Highly secure LPAR Specific Hyperledger environment
           - Supervisor Call - Named System Modules - System Service Routines - IBM/USER
83.SVC
84.SWCP
           - Switch Configuration Program
85. TCB
           - Task Control Block - Problem State - Application Programs
           - Top Secret - A CA Technology Security Product (ESM)
86. TSS
           - Unit Control Block - Software portion of the Device Chain
87. UCB
           - Unit Control Work - Hardware portion of the Device Chain
88. UCW
           - Unix System Services
89. USS
90. SAN
           - Storage Area Network
91.SE
           - System Element - 1 of 2 CPC specific Workstations
92. SECINT - System Security and Integrity APARs/PTFs
           - System Management Facility - used to control system event logging
93.SMF
94.SR
           - Service Request (Tool) - Used to submit program problem/defect/error
95. TKE
           - Trusted Key Entry Workstation
96.2SV
           - Two Step Verification of a User Logon and/or Password Reset Credential
97. US-CERT - United States Computer Emergency Readiness Team
98. zEDC - z Enterprise Data Compression - an IBM Product
99.z/OS - A z Mainframe Operating System
100.z/OSMF - The z/OS System Management Facility - a web-based workstation interface
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101 - ACEE	Accessor Environment Element
102 - AH	Authentication Header
103 - API	Application Programming Interface
104 - AT-TLS	Application Transparent-Transport Layer Security (Preferred/Policy Agent)
105 - CA	Certificate Authority - validates a digital certificate's integrity
106 - DMD	Defense Manager Daemon - used to implement short-term filters
107 - DFS	Defense Filter Store - stores versions of DMD Filters
108 - DOD	Department of Defense
109 - DOI	Domain of Interpretation
110 - EPS	Encapsulated Security Payload
111 - FTP	File Transfer Protocol - For downloading/Uploading Files
112 - GPL	GNU Public License
113 - ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol
114 - IDC	Intrusion Detection - A type of filtering beyond that provided by firewalls
115 - FIPS	Federal Information Processing Standard - Approve cryptographic modules
116 - ICSF	Integrated Cryptographic Services Facility
117 - IDS	Intrusion Detection System
118 - IKED	Internet Key Exchange Daemon - supports endpoint to endpoint security associations
119 - IP	Internet Protocol
120 - IPSec	Internet Security Protocol



121 - MAC	Machine Address - unique to every hardware device worldwide
122 - NAT	Network Address Translation - limits IP addresses, saves money, improves security
123 - MODP	Modular exponentiation group
124 - NSSD	Network Security Service Daemon - provides advanced services to IKED Servers/Clients
125 - PEP	Policy Enforcement Point - Routers, Firewalls, Hosts - Policy based logic
126 - PFS	Perfect Forward Secrecy - used to protect symmetric keys that protect the data
127 - PKI	Public Key Infrastructure - defines a method for sharing public/private keys
128 - PKDS	Public Key Dataset
129 - QoS	Quality of Service - Policy Management Agent Defined Rules enforced by TCP/IP Stack
130 - SA	Security Association - shared session and transfer secrets/certificates
131 - SAD	Security Association Database
132 - SAF	System Access Facility - Works with the External Security Manager (ESM)
133 - SPD	Security Policy Database - a store of Policy Agent configuration statements
134 - SSL/TLS	Secure Socket Layer/Transport Layer Security (Basic/Provided Natively)
135 - SWSA	Sysplex Wide Security Association - Stack to Stack traffic across Couple Facility
136 - TCP	Transmission Control Protocol - sends message segments, guarantees delivery in order
137 - TLS	Transport Layer Security
138 - UDP	User Datagram Protocol - send messages, best efforts - "fire and forget"
139 - VIPA	Virtual Internet Protocol Address - DVIPA is a dynamic VIPA
140 - VPN	Virtual Private Network



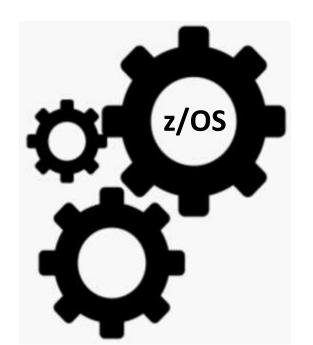
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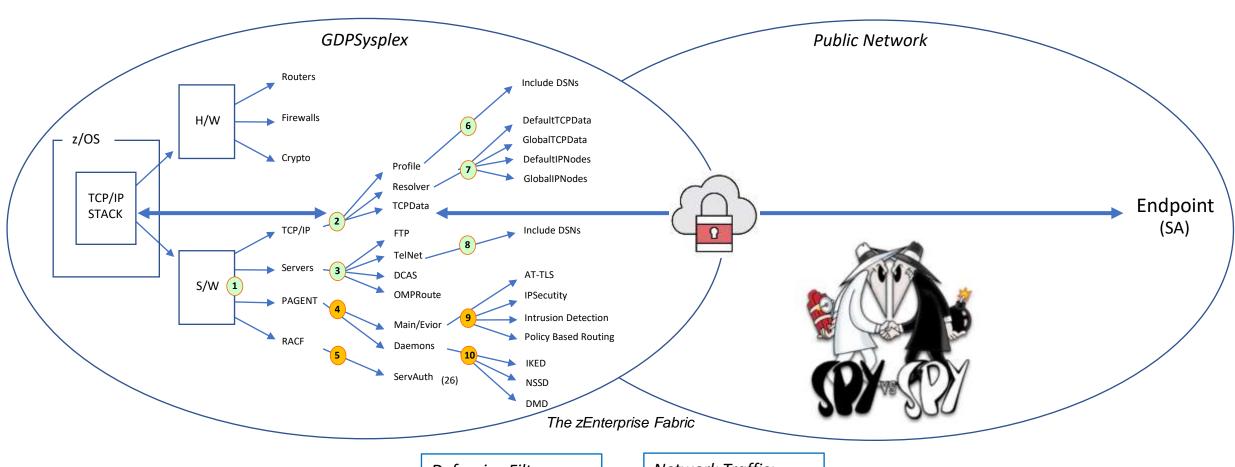
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#### Cybersecurity – A new look at Network Defenses in Depth Vs. à La Carte!

Tuesday 17, March – 11:00PDT – An Introduction to IPComplete and \*MYIP



SA - Security Association

#### Defensive Filters:

- Inbound
- Outbound(Egress)

#### Network Traffic:

- Authentication
- Encapsulation